

USER MANUAL

CREATOR 1

Portable Keyboard

PRECAUTIONS

Please read it through carefully before proceeding.

Power Supply

- Please connect the designated AC adaptor to an AC outlet of the correct voltage.
- Do not connect it to an AC outlet of voltage other than that for which your instrument is intended.
- Unplug the AC power adaptor when not using the instrument, or during electrical storms.

Connections

Before connecting the instrument to other devices, turn off the power to all units. This will help prevent malfunction and / or damage to other devices.

Location

Do not expose the instrument to the following conditions to avoid deformation, discoloration, or more serious damage:

- · Direct sunlight
- Extreme temperature or humidity
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Excessive dusty or dirty location
- · Strong vibrations or shocks
- · Close to magnetic fields

Interference with other electrical devices

Radios and televisions placed nearby may experience reception interference. Operate this unit at a suitable distance from radios and televisions.

Cleaning

- · Clean only with a soft, dry cloth.
- Do not use paint thinners, solvents, cleaning fluids, or chemical-impregnated wiping cloths.

Handling

- Do not apply excessive force to the switches or controls.
- · Do not let paper, metallic, or other objects into the instrument.
- If this happens, remove the electric plug from the outlet. Then have the instrument inspected by qualified service personnel.
- · Disconnect all cables before moving the instrument.

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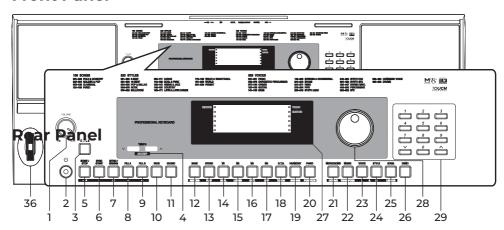
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1. Panel & Display Description

Front Panel



1. VOLUME knob

Adjust the master volume.

- 2. POWER SWITCH Turn the Power on or off.
- [SHIFT] button
 Select the secondary functions of other buttons.
- 4. [TEMPO +]/[TEMPO -] button

Adjust the current Tempo.

5. [[rim] button
Start or Stop playing the song.
[START/ STOP]

buttonStart or Stop playing the style.

6. [II] button

Pause or continue playing the song.

[SYNC START] button Turn the Sync Start on or off.

7. [a] button

Set the beginning and the end for a loop section of the current song.

[INTRO/ ENDING] button

Play the Intro or Ending.

- 8. [4] button
 Rewind the song.
 [FILL A] button
 Play the fill-in
 pattern A.
- [→] button Fast forward the song.

[FILL B] button

Play the fill-in pattern B.

10. [FADE] button

Turn the fade-in or fade-out function on or off.

- **11. [CHORD] button**Enter the chord mode.
- **12. [BANK] button**Select a memory bank.

[RECORD] button Enter the Recording mode.

13. [STORE] buttonRegister the panel settings.

[PLAY] button Play back the recording.

14. [M1] button

Recall a registered panel setting.

[DUAL] button

Turn the Dual function on or off.

15. [M2] button

Recall a registered panel setting.

[LOWER] button

Turn the Lower function on or off.

16. [M3] button

Recall a registered panel setting.

[DICT.] button

Enter the Chord Dictionary.

17. [M4] button

Recall a registered panel setting.

[DSP] button

Turn the DSP function on or off.

18. [O.T.S.] button

Turn the One Touch Setting function on or off.

[TOUCH] button

Enter the Touch setting menu.

19. [HARMONY] button

Turn the Harmony effect on or off.

[SUSTAIN] button

Turn the Sustain function on or off.

20.[PIANO] button

Enter the Piano Mode

[FUNCTION] button

Enter the Function menu

21. [METRONOME] button

Turn the metronome on or off.

[OCTAVE] button

Enter the Octave setting menu.

22. [MIXER] button Enter the Mixer

menu.

ITRANSPOSE1 button Enter the Transpose

setting menu. 23. [VOICE] button

Enter the Voice

mode. [L HAND] button Choose to practise

Lesson Mode.

the left hand part in

24.[STYLE] button

Enter the Style mode.

[R HAND] button

Choose to practise the right hand part in Lesson Mode.

25. [SONG] button

Enter the Song mode.

[LESSON] button

Enter the Lesson Mode.

26.[DEMO] button

Enter the Demo Mode.

27. LCD Display

Display all parameters and values related to the current operation.

28.DATA DIAL

Adjust the parameter value.

29.[-]/[+] and NUMERIC buttons

Set parameters value or select the number.











12V -- +

MIC

AUX IN

PHONES/OUTPUT

SUSTAIN



30.DC 12V jack

Connect the DC 12V power adaptor(optional).

31. MIC jack

Connect a microphone.

32. AUX IN jack

Connect an external sound source, such as an MP3 or CD player.

33. PHONES/OUTPUT jack

Connect a pair of headphones or external audio equipment.

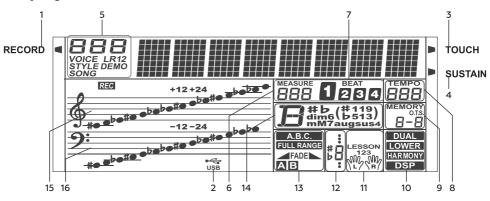
34.SUSTAIN jack

Connect a sustain pedal.

35. USB jack

Connect to a computer.

Display



- 1. RECORD
- 2. USB CABLE
- 3. TOUCH
- 4. SUSTAIN
- 5. VOICE / STYLE / DEMO / SONG
- 6. MEASURE
- 7. BEAT
- 8. TEMPO
- 9. M1-M4 / ONE TOUCH SETTING

- 10. DUAL / LOWER / HARMONY / DSP
- 11. LEFT / RIGHT HAND / LESSON MODE
- 12. NOTE INDICATION
- 13. A.B.C. / FULL RANGE/ FADE/ ACCOMPANIMENT SECTION
- **14. CHORD**
- 15. TREBLE CLEF
- 16. BASS CLEF

2. Setup

This section contains information about setting up your instrument and preparing to play. Please go through this section carefully before turning the power on.

Power Supply

You can power the instrument either by batteries or by power adaptor. Before you switch your instrument on, turn down the volume of instrument and the connected audio equipment first.

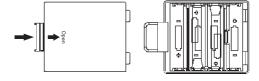
Using Batteries

The instrument needs 6 pieces of AA (NO.5) or equivalent alkaline batteries for power supply.

- Open the battery compartment cover located on the bottom of the instrument.
- Insert the batteries, carefully follow the polarity markings on the cabinet.
- **3.** Replace the compartment cover, making sure that it locks firmly in place.

Note:

- 1. Do not mix used and new batteries.
- 2. Always use same types of batteries.
- **3.** Always remove the batteries from the instrument when it is not being used for an extended period of time.







Using Power Adapter

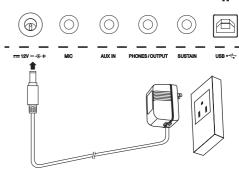
- 1. Connect the adaptor to the power supply jack of this instrument.
- 2. Plug the adaptor into an AC outlet.
- **3.** Press the POWER SWITCH, the LCD screen is lit, which indicates the instrument is powered on.
- **4.** If you are ready to turn off the instrument, press the POWER SWITCH again.

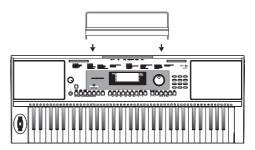
Note:

- In standby mode, the instrument will automatically shut down in 30 minutes if it is not used. (Please refer to "Auto Power Off" for details).
- **2.** For your safety, please unplug the instrument when it is not in use or during a thunderstorm.

Setting a Music Stand

A music stand is supplied with the instrument. You can easily attach it by inserting it into the slots at the rear of the panel.





3. Connections

Connecting a Computer

The instrument receives and transmits MIDI messages via the USB connector. Use a USB cable to connect the instrument to a computer.

Note:

We recommend you to use a USB2.0 interface when connecting the instrument to a computer.

Connecting a Footswitch

An optional footswitch can be plugged into the sustain jack, and you can select one of 4 pedal functions from the Function Menu: Sustain, Soft, Memory Switch and Style Start/Stop.

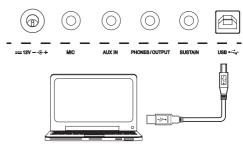
If you select the sustain pedal, when you step on the pedal, all notes you play on the keyboard will have a longer sustain. (Refer to the Function Menu for details)

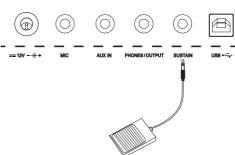
Connecting a pair of Headphones

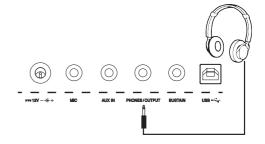
A standard pair of stereo headphones can be connected to the PHONES/ OUTPUT jack for private practice or late-night playing. The internal stereo speaker system is automatically shut off when a pair of head phones is plugged into this jack.

Note:

To avoid the risk of hearing loss, do not listen with headphones at high volume level for a long period of time.









Connecting an Audio Equipment

The rear-panel PHONES/OUTPUT jack delivers the output of the instrument to an external audio equipment such as a keyboard amplifier, a stereo sound system, a mixing console, or a tape recorder. Use an audio cable to connect the PHONES/OUTPUT jack of the instrument to the AUX IN jack of the external audio equipment.



To avoid damaging the speakers, please set the volume level to minimum before connecting the power and other devices.

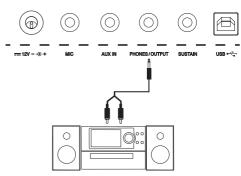
Connecting an MP3/CD Player

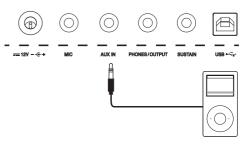
Connect the audio output of an MP3/CD player or other audio source to the stereo AUX IN jack on the rear panel. The input signal is mixed with the instrument signal, allowing you to play along.

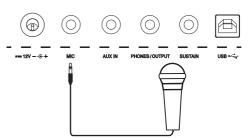
Connecting a Microphone

By connecting a microphone, you can enjoy singing along with your keyboard performance or with Song playback (KARAOKE).

- 1. Before turning the power on, set the master volume to minimum.
- **2.** Connect a microphone to the [MIC] jack.
- **3.** Turn the power on. Adjust the master volume while singing into the microphone.







4. Power/Master Volume

Turn the Power On/Off

- **1.** Make sure the instrument is properly connected to power supply.
- 2. Press POWER SWITCH, the LCD screen is lit, it indicates the instrument is powered on.

Note:

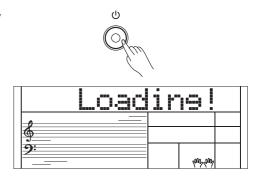
If the LCD isn't lit after you turn on the instrument, please check the power connection.

Adjust the Master Volume

Rotate the [VOLUME] knob clockwise, the master volume will increase and vice verse. It can be adjusted as required.

Note:

If the keyboard keeps silent, check if the volume has been set to minimum or if headphones are plugged into the Phone jack.

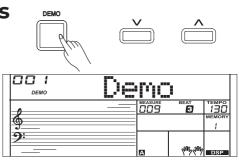




5. Playing Demo Songs

This instrument features several wonderful demos. (Please refer to Demo List.)

- Press the [DEMO] button, the LCD will display the current demo number and name, meanwhile, all demo songs will play in a loop.
- Use the data dial or the [+/Yes]/ [-/ No] button to select a demo song.
- **3.** Press the [DEMO] or [START/STOP] button to stop playing, and exit demo mode.





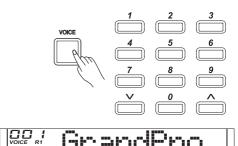


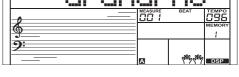
6. Playing Voices

- Press the [VOICE] button.
 Enter the Voice Mode. The LCD displays the current default voice name and number.
- 2. Select a Voice.
 Use the data dial, the numeric buttons or the [+/YES]/[-/NO] button to select the voice you want to play.
- Play the Voice. Play the keyboard and enjoy the beautiful voice.

Note:

When the upper/lower voice is on, and then you press the number keys button, the corresponding upper/lower voice will be selected.

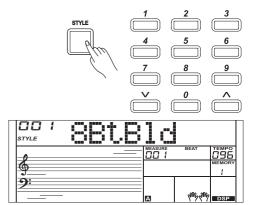




7. Playing Styles

- Press the [STYLE] button.
 Enter the Style Mode. The LCD displays the current default style name and number.
- 2. Select a Style.
 Use the data dial, the numeric buttons or the [+/YES]/[-/NO] button to select the style you want to play.
- **3.** Play the Style.

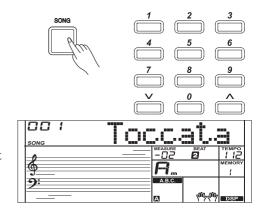
 Press the [START/STOP] button,
 directly start a rhythm. Or you can
 press the [SYNC START] button, then
 press a key to start the rhythm.



8. Playing Songs

This instrument has featured a variety of preset songs, and each song can be practiced in LESSON mode.

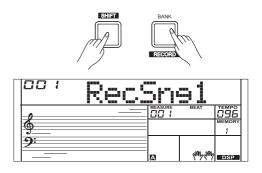
- Press the [SONG] button.
 Enter the song mode. It will play all songs circularly.
- 2. Select a song.
 Use the data dial, the number keys or the [+/YES]/[-/NO] button to select the song you want to play.
- **3.** Press the [START/STOP] button. It will stop the song playback. Press the button again, it will play the current song repeatedly.
- **4.** When the playback stops, press any of [STYLE] or [VOICE] button, you can exiting the song mode.



9. Record

You can record your performance and save it to a user song.

- 1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button, and then press the [RECORD] button. Enter the user song selection interface, you can use the data dial or the [+/YES]/[-/NO] button to select a user song to which your recording will be saved.
- 2. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button, and then press the [RECORD] button. Enter the record standby mode, and you can select voice, style or other settings for the recording.



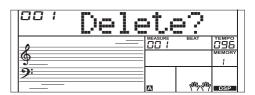


- **3.** Press the [START/STOP] button or play a key on the keyboard to start recording.
- 4. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button, and then press the [RECORD] button to exit the record mode.
- 5. If you want to play back a record song, you can press and hold [SHIFT] button, and then press the [PLAY] button to enter the selection interface. Use the data dial or the [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button to select the recorded song you want to play back. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [PLAY] button to play back recorded songs.
- **6.** While playing back recorded songs, you can press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [PLAY] button to exit the playing back.
- 7. In the selection interface of record playing back, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [RECORD] button, it displays "Delete?", press [+/YES] to delete the song, or [-/NO] to cancel and go back to the selection interface.









10. Playing Voices

The instrument features a variety of build-in voices .Try selecting different voices and play with various preset effects. Please refer to the Voice List.

Selecting a Voice

When power on, the "VOICE R1" icon will light up and the LCD will display the current voice name and number. Use the data dial, the numeric buttons or [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button to select the voice you want to play.

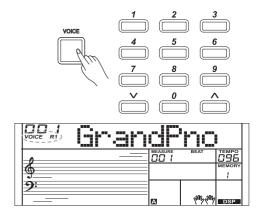
Note:

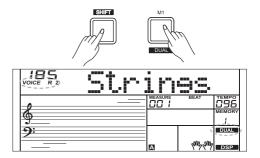
Alternatively, you can press the [VOICE] button to switch to the voice mode. The "VOICE R1" icon will light up and the LCD will display the name of upper voice.

Playing two voices simultaneously-DUAL

The dual function allows two different voices to be layered together, creating a much richer sound. Turn the function on, you can select a second voice for the dual voice "VOICE R2".

1. In idle mode, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DUAL] button to turn dual function on. The LCD displays the current voice name and number, "VOICE R 2" and "DUAL" will light up. You can use the data dial, the numeric buttons or [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button to select the dual voice you want to play. The default Voice R2 is: String Ensembles.







- **2.** Play the keyboard, and then you will hear two different voices layered together. It seems like two different instruments playing at the same time.
- **3.** When dual function is on, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DUAL] button, it will turn dual function off.

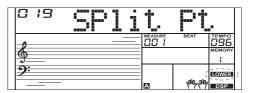
Note:

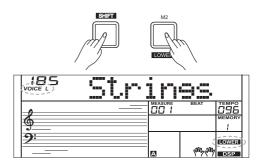
When the keyboard is split, only the right hand area will have the dual voice.

Playing Different Voices with Both hands-LOWER

The lower function splits the keyboard into the left and the right hand areas, each with a different voice. The left hand voice is the lower voice "VOICE L". The default split point is F#3 (19), however, you can set the split point to any key as required. (Refer to Split Point for more details).

- 1. In idle mode, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [LOWER] button to turn the lower function on. The LCD displays the left hand voice name and number, and the indicate "VOICE L" and "LOWER".
- 2. You can use the data dial, the numeric buttons or the [+/YES]/[-/NO] button to select the lower voice you want to play.
 The default Voice L is: String Ensembles.
- Play the keyboard with both hands and you will hear two different voices.
- 4. When lower function is on, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [LOWER] button, it will turn lower function off.



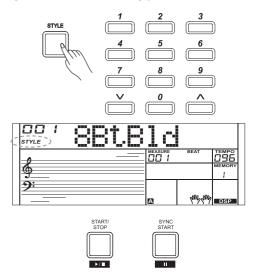


11. Auto Accompaniment

The auto accompaniment feature puts a full backing band at your fingertips. To use it, all you have to do is to play the chords with your left hand in the selected accompaniment style, and then the accompaniment will automatically play along, instantly following the chords you play. With auto accompaniment, even a solo performer can enjoy playing with the backing of an entire band or orchestra. This instrument features a variety of styles. Try selecting some of the different styles (refer to Style List) and enjoy the auto accompaniment feature.

Play Auto Accompaniment (rhythm track only)

- 1. Press [STYLE] button. Enter the style mode. The "STYLE" icon on the LCD will light up. The LCD displays the name and number of the current style.
- 2. Select a style.
 Use the data dial, the numeric buttons or the [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button to select a style you want to play.
- **3.** Start playing a style. Press the [START/STOP] button to start the rhythm tracks of the auto accompaniment. Also you can press [SYNC START] and then play any key to start the rhythm tracks of the auto accompaniment.

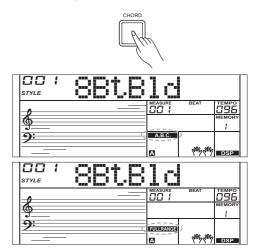




Play Auto Accompaniment (all tracks)

- 1. Turn the auto accompaniment on. In style mode, you can press the [CHORD] button to enter the "auto bass chord" (A.B.C.) mode. The keyboard is split into two sections. Left hand section is the chord section. The "A.B.C." icon will light up. Now pressing any key in chord section (Sync Start status) you will hear the fantastic accompaniment. Press [CHORD] button again to enter "full range" mode. The "FULL RANGE" icon will light up. You can play chords over the entire keyboard in multi-fingering.
- button and then play a chord in chord section to start auto accompaniment of all tracks. When you change a chord, the accompaniment automatically changes.
 You can also press [START/STOP] button to start auto accompaniment of rhythm track, then play a chord in chord section. It will start auto accompaniment of all tracks.

2. Start the auto accompaniment. You can press [SYNC START]



Accompaniment Sections

There are various types of Auto Accompaniment sections that allow you to vary the arrangement of the accompaniment to match the song you are playing. They are: Intro, Main (A, B), Fill (A, B), and Ending. By switching among them during your performance you can easily produce the dynamic elements of a professional sounding arrangement in your performance.

INTRO Section

The intro is an opening section of the song. When the intro pattern is finished, the system will automatically shift to the main section.

MAIN Section

The main is an important section of the song. It will play and repeat infinitely until another section's button is pressed.

FILL-IN Section

Auto fill in function automatically adds a fill to your performance. When the fillin pattern is finished, accompaniment will shift to the related main section (A,B).

ENDING Section

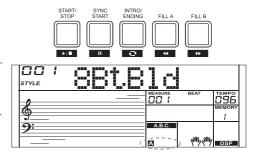
Ending is used for the ending of the song. When the ending pattern is finished, accompaniment automatically stops.

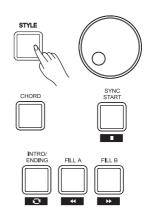
Note:

- Hold down the [FILL A]/ [FILL B] button when the style is playing, the selected fill-in pattern repeats continuously until button is released.
- 2. When style stops, press the [FILL A]/[FILL B] button to select a MAIN section. "A or B" will highlight on LCD.

Playing Different Accompaniment Sections

- 1. Press the [STYLE] button.
- 2. Use the data dial or [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button to select a style.
- **3.** Press [CHORD] button to enter A.B.C. (auto bass chord) mode.
- **4.** Press [SYNC START] button.
- **5.** Press the [FILL A] button, select the Main A section.
- **6.** Press the [INTRO/ENDING] button. Now the "A" lights up on LCD, and the style is ready to play.







- **7.** As soon as you play a chord with your left hand, the auto accompaniment starts. When the playback of the intro is finished, it automatically leads into Main A section.
- **8.** Press the [FILL B] button. A fill-in plays, automatically followed by the Main B section.
- 9. Press the [INTRO/ENDING] button again, and it will enter the Ending Section. When the ending is finished, the auto accompaniment automatically stops.

Fade

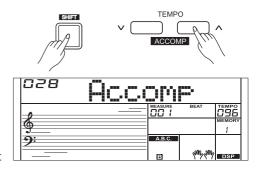
- 1. Fade In
 Starting the style with fade in
 produces a smooth beginning, the
 volume increases from low to high.
 Press the [FADE] button when Style
 playback is stopped. The "⊿ FADE"
 icon will be lighting up, and then
 flashing with style playing.
- 2. Fade Out
 Stopping the style with fade out
 produces a smooth ending, the
 volume decreases from high
 to low. Press the [FADE] button
 during Style playback. The "FADE
 " icon will be lighting up, and then
 flashing with style playing.
- **3.** Fade In/ Out Time
 The default time is 10 seconds.

STYLE BLANDING BEAT TEMPO STYLE BLANDING BEAT TEMPO STYLE BLANDING BEAT TEMPO BEAT TEMPO BEAT TEMPO BEAT TEMPO MEMORY FABER FABER FABER BEAT TEMPO BEAT TEMPO

Accompaniment Volume

The function will adjust the accompaniment volume, so as to keep an appropriate balance between the accompaniment volume and the voice volume.

1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button, and then use the [ACCOMP +]/
[ACCOMP -] button to set accompaniment volume, adjustable range: 0~32, the LCD displays current accompaniment volume level.



- 2. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [ACCOMP +]/[ACCOMP -] for a while to quickly adjust the volume value.
- **3.** When LCD displays the volume level, press and hold [SHIFT] and then, press the [ACCOMP +]/ [ACCOMP -] button simultaneously to turn the accompaniment volume off. The LCD displays "OFF Accomp". Keep the [SHIFT] button pressed and then press the [ACCOMP +]/ [ACCOMP -] button again to turn the accompaniment volume on.

Note:

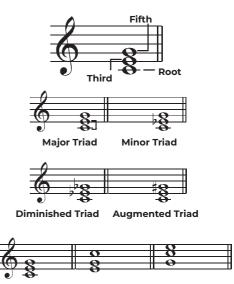
It will automatically exit the setting if there is no operation in 5 seconds.

Chord Fingering

How the chords are played or indicated with your left hand (in the auto accompaniment section of the keyboard) is referred to as "fingering". There are 2 types of fingerings as described below.

Chord Basics

A chord, in music, is any harmonic set of three or more notes that is heard as if sounding simultaneously. The most frequently encountered chords are triads. A triad is a set of three notes that can be stacked in thirds. When stacked in thirds, the triad's members, from lowest pitched tone to highest, are called: the Root, the Third, and the Fifth.



First Inversion Second Inversion

Triad Type

There are following basic triad types:

| Major Triad | A root with a major third added above and a perfect fifth will consist as a "Major Triad". | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Minor Triad | A root with a minor third added above and a perfect fifth will consist as a "Minor Triad". | |
| Augmented Triad | j | |
| Diminished Triad | A root with a minor third added above and a diminished fifth will consist as a "Diminished Triad". | |

Root position



Chord Inversion

We define this chord its root is not in the bass (i.e. the root is not the lowest note) as an inversion chord. When the root is in the bass, we call the chord: root-position chord. If we put the Third and Fifth in the root position, then it forms "Inversion", we call this chord "Inversion Chord". See the following major triad and its inverted chord.

Chord Name

The chord name contains two parts content: Chord root and Chord type.

Single Finger

Single finger type not only can detect single finger but also can detect multi finger. And the single finger makes it easily to play chords through only one, two or three keys. Including major, minor, seventh, and minor seventh chord. Refer to relevant picture on the right for details.

Multi-finger

Multi-finger allows you to play chords in normal fingering. Try playing the 32 chord types in C scale as listed on the right.

Note:

In full range mode, the entire keyboard will only recognize chords played in normal fingering.

Cm Chord Root Chord Type



* Major Triad

Only press the root note on the keyboard.



★ Minor Triad

Press the root note and the nearest left black key simultaneously.



★ Seventh chord

Press the root note and the nearest left white key simultaneously.



↑ Minor seventh chord

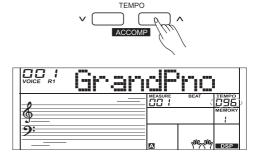
Press the root note and the nearest left white and black keys simultaneously.

| 0 C | 1 C ₆ | 2 CM ₇ | 3 CM ₇ (#11) | 4 CM(9) | 5 CM ₇ ⁽⁹⁾ |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 6 C ₆ (9) | 7 Caug | 8 Cm | 9 Cm ₆ | 10 Cm ₇ | 11 Cm ₇ ^(b5) |
| 12 Cm(9) | 13 Cm ₇ (9) | 14 Cm ₇ (11) | 15 CmM ₇ * | 16 CmM ₇ (9) | 17 Cdim |
| 18 Cdim ₇ | 19 C ₇ | 20 C _{7sus4} | 21 C ₇ (b5) | 22 C ₇ (9) | 23 C ₇ (#11) |
| 24 C ₇ (13) | 25 C ₇ (b9) | 26 C ₇ (b13) | 27 C ₇ (#9) | 28 CM _{7aug} | 29 C _{7aug} |
| 30 Csus 4 | 31 C1+2+5 | ⊛ are o | enclosed ptional; ognized | the choi | rds coul |

Tempo

Each style of the instrument has been set with a default or standard tempo; however, this can be changed by using the [TEMPO +]/[TEMPO -] button.

- Use the [TEMPO +]/ [TEMPO -] button to change the tempo. While the tempo value is flashing, use the data dial to quickly change the tempo.
- 2. Press the [TEMPO+] and [TEMPO-] buttons simultaneously to restore the default tempo setting.

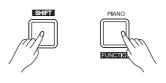


Note:

When style stops, changing the style will automatically reset the tempo. However, changing the style during style playback will not result in tempo change.

12. Function Menu

Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [FUNCTION] button to enter function menu. The LCD displays the current function menu option. Use [+/YES]/[-/NO] button or the data dial to adjust the parameter of the current option.



The option and parameters are as follows:

| NO. | Content | LCD display | Range | Default |
|-----|-------------|--------------|---|----------|
| 1 | Tune | xxx Tune | -50 ~ +50 | 0 |
| 2 | Split Point | xxx Split pt | 1-61 | 19 |
| 3 | Beat Type | xxx Beat | 0, 2-9 | 4 |
| 4 | Pedal Type | xxx Ped XXX | Ped Sust, Ped Soft, Ped Mem, Ped St/S | Ped Sust |
| 5 | EQ Type | xxx EQ XXX | EQ Pop, EQ Rock, EQ Class, EQ Jazz, EQ Dance, EQ Reset | EQ Reset |



| NO. | Content | LCD display | Range | Default |
|-----|----------------|-----------------|---|----------|
| 6 | Reverb Type | xxx RevHall1 | RevRoom1, RevRoom2, RevRoom3, RevHall1, RevHall2, RevHall3, RevChrh1, RevChrh2, RevDelay, RevPnDly | RevHall1 |
| 7 | Reverb Level | xxx Rev Lev | 0-32 | 20 |
| 8 | Chorus Type | xxx ChrGMCr2 | ChrChrs1, ChrChrs2, ChrGMCr1, ChrGMCr2, ChrFlgr1, ChrFlgr2, ChrRtry1, ChrRtry2 | ChrGMCr2 |
| 9 | Chorus Level | xxx Chr Lev | 0-32 | 0 |
| 10 | Harmony Types | xxx HrmDuet | HrmDuet, HrmStdTri, HrmFulCd, HrmRkDut, HrmCtDut HrmCtTri, HrmBlock, Hrm4Cls1, Hrm4Cls2, Hrm4Open, Hrm1+5, HrmOctv1, HrmOctv2, HrmStrum | HrmDuet |
| 11 | MIDI Receive | xxx Midi In | 01-16, ALL | ALL |
| 12 | MIDI Transmit | xxx Midi Out | 01-16 | 01 |
| 13 | Auto Power Off | xxx PowerOff | 30, 60, OFF | 30 |

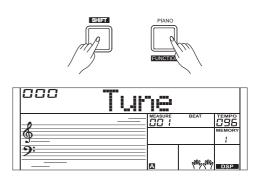
Note:

It will exit the function menu if there is no operation in 5 seconds.

Tune

This function sets the pitch of entire keyboard in 2-cent increments.

- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select the tune menu. The LCD displays "xxx Tune".
 Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change tune value. Its range is from -50 to 50 cents.
- 2. Press [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously will set the tune value to its default setting: 0. The setting applies to both accompaniment and the voice.



Split Point

This function sets the point which separates the entire keyboard to two sections. The left hand section controls the auto bass chord accompaniment when the A.B.C. function is on, or it plays the lower voices when the A.B.C. function is off.

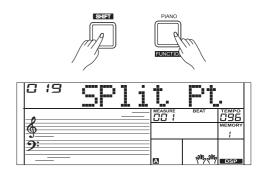
- 1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select split point menu. The LCD displays "xxx Split Pt". Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change Split Point. The range of Split Point is: 1~61.
- 2. Press [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously will set the split point to its default setting.

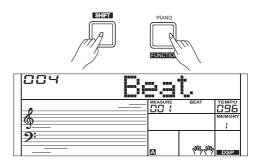
Note:

The Split Point belongs to the left hand area.

Beat Type

- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select beat type menu. The LCD displays "xxx Beat".
 Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change beat type. The range of beat type: 0, 2~9.
- 2. Press [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously will set the beat type to its default setting: 4.







Pedal Type

- 1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select pedal type menu. The LCD displays "001 Ped Sust".
 - Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change pedal type.
- 2. There are 4 types of pedal function available.
- **3.** Press [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously will set the pedal type to its default setting: Sust.

| No. | LCD | Pedal Function |
|-----|----------|---------------------|
| 1 | Ped Sust | Sustain Pedal |
| 2 | Ped Soft | Soft Pedal |
| 3 | Ped Mem | Memory Switch Pedal |
| 4 | Ped St/S | Start/Stop Pedal |

Note:

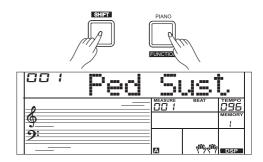
- 1. The instrument will automatically detect the pedal when power on.
- 2. Do not press the pedal when turning on the instrument, otherwise, it will reverse the pedal operation.

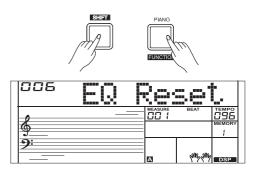
EQ Type

 Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select the EQ type menu. The LCD displays "006 EQ Reset".

Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change EQ type.

There are 6 EQ types available.



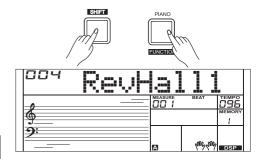


| No. | LCD | EQ Type |
|-----|----------|-----------|
| 1 | EQ Pop | Pop |
| 2 | EQ Rock | Rock |
| 3 | EQ Class | Classical |
| 4 | EQ Jazz | Jazz |
| 5 | EQ Dance | Dance |
| 6 | EQ Reset | Reset |

Reverb Type

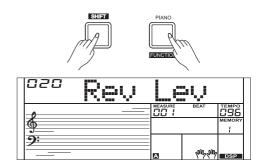
 Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select reverb type menu. The LCD displays "004 RevHall1".
 Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change reverb type. The default setting is Hall 1.

| No. | LCD | Reverb Type |
|-----|----------|-------------|
| 1 | RevRoom1 | Room 1 |
| 2 | RevRoom2 | Room 2 |
| 3 | RevRoom3 | Room 3 |
| 4 | RevHall1 | Hall 1 |
| 5 | RevHall2 | Hall 2 |
| 6 | RevHall3 | Hall 3 |
| 7 | RevChrh1 | Church 1 |
| 8 | RevChrh2 | Church 2 |
| 9 | RevDelay | Delay |
| 10 | RevPnDly | Pan Delay |



Reverb Level

- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select reverb level. The LCD displays "xxx Rev Lev", adjustable range is: 0-32. Use the [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change reverb level,
- 2. Press the [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously to restore its default setting: 20.

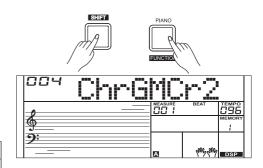




Chorus Type

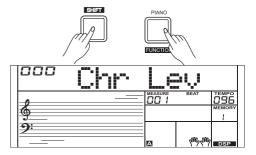
1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select chorus type menu. The LCD displays "004 ChrGMCr2", Use the [+/YES]/[-/NO] button or data dial to change chorus type, the default setting is GM Chorus 2.

| No. | LCD | Chorus Type | |
|-----|----------|-------------|--|
| 1 | ChrChrsl | Chorus 1 | |
| 2 | ChrChrs2 | Chorus 2 | |
| 3 | ChrGMCr1 | GM Chorus 1 | |
| 4 | ChrGMCr2 | GM Chorus 2 | |
| 5 | ChrFlgrl | Flanger 1 | |
| 6 | ChrFlgr2 | Flanger 2 | |
| 7 | ChrRtryl | Rotary 1 | |
| 8 | ChrRtry2 | Rotary 2 | |



Chorus Level

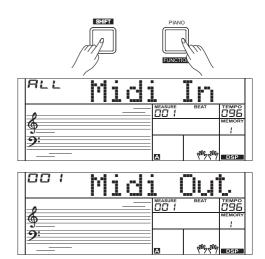
- 1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select chorus level menu. The LCD displays "xxx Chr Lev", adjustable range: 0-32. Use the [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change chorus level.
- 2. Press the [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously to restore its default setting: 0.



MIDI IN/OUT

Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select MIDI IN/OUT menu. The LCD displays "xxx Midi In"/ "xxx Midi Out".

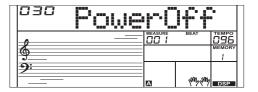
- 1. Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change MIDI IN channel: 1~16, ALL. Press [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously to restore MIDI IN channel to its default setting: ALL.
- 2. Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change MIDI OUT channel: 1~16. Press [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously to restore MIDI OUT channel to its default setting: 1.



Auto Power Off

1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then repeatedly press the [FUNCTION] button to select auto power off menu. The LCD displays "xxx Power Off".

Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change auto power off time. This function offers 3 options: 30 minutes, 60 minutes or OFF and the default setting is: 30 minutes.



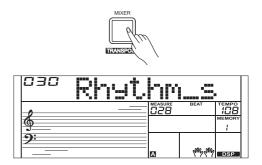


13. Mixer

Mixer function adjusts separately the volume of different tracks.

- 1. Press the [MIXER] button to enter the mixer function menu, the LCD displays "030 Rhythm_s" for the initial time when powered on; Next time when you enter the menu, it will show the same option of your last operation.
- 2. Repeatedly press the [MIXER] button to select an option.

 Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change parameters. The option and parameters are as follows:



| Content | LCD Display | Range |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| Adjust the Rhythm track volume. | XXX Rhythm_s | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Percussion track volume. | XXX Rhythm_m | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Bass track volume. | XXX Bass | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Chord 1 track volume. | XXX Chord1 | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Chord 2 track volume. | XXX Chord2 | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Chord 3 track volume. | XXX Chord3 | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Phrase 1 track volume. | XXX Phrasel | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Phrase 2 track volume. | XXX Phrase2 | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Upper 1 track volume. | XXX Upper 1 | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Upper 2 track volume. | XXX Upper 2 | 0-32 |
| Adjust the Lower track volume. | XXX Lower | 0-32 |

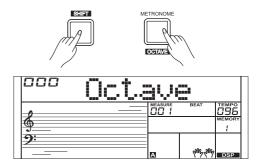
Note:

It will exit the mixer menu if there is no operation in 5 seconds.

14. Effect Related Settings

Octave

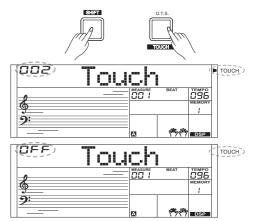
- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [OCTAVE] button to select octave function menu. The LCD displays "xxx Octave". Use [+/ YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change octave value, adjustable range is: -1~ +1.
- 2. Press the [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons simultaneously to restore default setting: 0.



Touch

The touch function lets you dynamically and expressively controls the level of the voice with your playing strength – just as on an acoustic instrument.

- 1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [TOUCH] button to enter touch menu. The LCD displays "xxx Touch".
- 2. Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change touch response level. Default level of touch response is 2.
- **3.** If the value is set to OFF, there will be no touch response to keyboard.



Metronome

The metronome provides a steady beat to help you practise at a preset tempo. Press [METRONOME] button to start the metronome.

To stop the metronome, press the [METRONOME] button again. (The metronome type can be set in the function menu.)





Note:

The metronome will respond in the next beat if it is turned on during style playback.

Sustain

- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [SUSTAIN] button to start sustain function. All notes will sustain even after releasing the keys.
- 2. To stop the sustain function, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [SUSTAIN] button again.

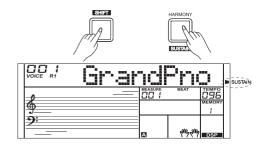
Note:

To have a better sustain effect, please use a sustain pedal. (Refer to pedal function for more details.)

Pitch Bend

Use the pitch bend wheel to bend notes up (roll the wheel away from you) or down (roll the wheel toward you) while playing the keyboard. The pitch bend wheel is self-centering and will automatically return to normal pitch when released.

You can use the pitch bend wheel to imitate the guitar, violin, saxophone, urheen, suona and other instruments pitch bend effect, make your performance more vivid.

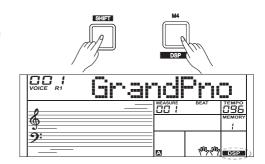




DSP

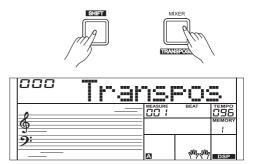
The DSP simulates sounds in the real environment. With the DSP effect, you can add ambiance and depth to your performance in a variety of ways.

- 1. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DSP] button to set the DSP effect on. The DSP indicator lights up on LCD. The DSP effect is automatically activated when turning on the instrument.
- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DSP] button again to turn DSP effect off.



Transpose

- Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [TRANSPOSE] button to enter the transpose menu. The LCD displays "xxx Transpos".
- 2. Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to change transpose value, adjustable range:-12~ +12, the default value is: 0.



Harmony

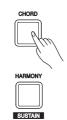
The harmony function will automatically add harmony effect to the notes you play in the right-hand section, which gives you a rich and harmonic expression.



- **1.** Press the [CHORD] button to turn on the A.B.C. function.
- **2.** Press the [HARMONY] button to turn the harmony effect on.
- 3. Play a chord in the left hand section.
- 4. As soon as you play in the right hand section, it will automatically add harmony effect to the notes you play.

Note:

- 1. Harmony cannot be turned on when the Full Range fingering mode is selected.
- 2. The harmony types of "1+5", "Octave 1" or "Octave 2" are always available. Other types of harmony will respond only when the A.B.C. is ON.





15. Register Memory

The Registration Memory feature can make your performance more easy and efficient. It allows you to save virtually all panel settings to a Registration Memory setting, and you can instantly recall them by pressing a single button.

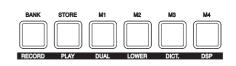
Registering the Panel Setting

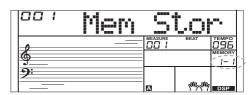
- 1. There are 8 memory banks, and each bank has 4 memories (M1-M4).
- 2. Holding down the [STORE] button, then press one of the memory buttons [M1] [M4]. Note that new settings will replace the previous memory data.
- **3.** Parameters that can be saved to the registration memory:

Voice: main voice, dual, lower, DSP, mixer.

Accompaniment: style, tempo, accompaniment on/off.

Function: touch, some parameters in the function menu.





Recalling the Registered Panel Settings

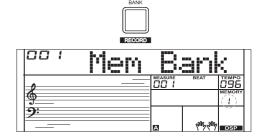
1. Press one of the memory buttons: [M1] - [M4]. For example, press [M2], and the panel settings stored in the memory 2 of bank 1 are recalled.

Note:

Registration data cannot be recalled when the One Touch Setting function is on.

Selecting a Registration Bank

- 1. Press the [BANK] button, the LCD displays "00X Mem Bank".
- 2. Press the [BANK] button repeatedly to select a bank from 1 to 8.



16. One Touch Setting

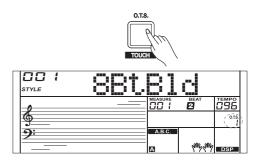
When One Touch Setting is switched on, you can instantly recall all auto accompaniment related settings including voices selection and digital effects simply with a single touch of a button.

1. Press the [O.T.S.] button to turns on the One Touch Setting for current style. The LCD displays "O.T.S.".

Press one of the One Touch Setting buttons [M1]-[M4]. Various panel settings (such as voice, effect, etc.) that match the selected style can be instantly recalled.

Auto accompaniment is

Auto accompaniment is automatically turned on during O.T.S mode and the lower and dual functions are disengaged.





- 2. Press the [O.T.S.] button again to turn off the One Touch Setting. It will automatically switch to the registered memory. The LCD displays "MEMORY".
- 3. One Touch Setting parameter list: Voice (Volume, Pan, Octave) Dual (Volume, Pan, Octave) Left Hand (Volume, Pan, Octave)

Note:

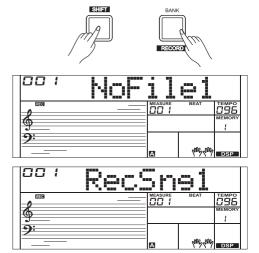
The O.T.S. is automatically turned off when you enter the song mode.

17. RECORD

Use the powerful record function; you can record your own keyboard performance in real time and save it as a user song, just like using recording equipment, and you can play back the recording.

Prepare for Recording

- **1.** Before you start recording, you need to select a user song to which your recording will be saved.
- 2. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [RECORD] button to select a user song, the "REC" icon lights up. The LCD displays "XXX NoFileX", if you have selected a user song with no record data; or the LCD displays "XXX RecSngX", if you have selected a user song with record data, for example, "001 RecSng1". You can use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to select a user song you want.
- 3. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [RECORD] button to enter the recording standby mode, the REC icon starts flashing. Now you can adjust such settings as the voice, style and so on.



4. In the recording standby mode, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [RECORD] button to exit the record mode.

Note:

The new record will overwrite the previous data in the user song you have selected.

Start Recording

- 1. In the recording standby mode, press the [START/STOP] button to start recording. The four beats on LCD start flashing and the measures start counting down. You can stop recording by pressing the [STAR/STOP] button.
- 2. Or you can play the keyboard to start recording. When the A.B.C. is ON, play any key in left hand section to start the accompaniment. When the A.B.C is OFF, press the [START/ STOP] button twice to start accompaniment.
- **3.** While recoding, the [SYNC START] button is unavailable.

Stop Recording

Manually Stop Recording

Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [RECORD] button to stop recording. The "REC" icon, beat count and record icon will light off.

Automatically Stop Recoding

- 1. When recording is in process, if the memory is full, the recording will stop and save automatically.
- 2. If you are recording the accompaniment, the recording will stop automatically when the ending of the rhythm finishes.











Playback Recording

1. In idle mode, holding down [SHIFT] button and then press the [PLAY] button to enter the selection interface. The LCD displays "XXX NoFileX", if you have selected a user song with no record data; or the LCD displays "XXX PlySngX", if you have selected a user song with record data, for example, "001 PlySng1".

You can use [+/YES]/[-/NO] button or data dial to select a user song you want to playback.

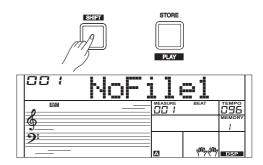
- 2. Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [PLAY] button to playback the user song.
- **3.** To stop the playback, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [PLAY] button.

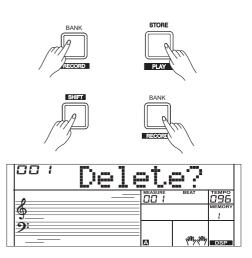
Delete Recording

- 1. Pressing and holding [RECORD] and [PLAY] buttons together and turn power on simultaneously, all user songs will be erased.
- 2. In the recording playback status, holding down [SHIFT] button and then press the [RECORD] button, the LCD will display "Delete?", press [+/YES] button to delete user song, press the [-/NO] button to cancel.

Note:

The saved user songs will not be lost after power off.





18. Playing the Demo Song

This instrument features several wonderful demos. Please refer to Demo List.

- Press the [DEMO] button, the DEMO icon is lit, all demo songs will play in circle.
- 2. Use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button or data dial to select different demo song. Press the [DEMO] or [START/STOP] button to stop playing and exit the demo mode.

Note:

In the demo status, all buttons and keys are unavailable except [DEMO], [START/STOP], [+/YES], [-/NO] button, [TEMPO +], [TEMPO -], data dial, [VOLUME] knob and POWER SWITCH.

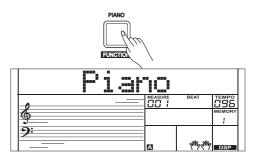
19. Piano Mode

This function is to set the voice of the whole keyboard to piano instantly.

- **1.** Press the [PIANO] button to enter or exit piano mode.
- 2. In piano mode, the accompaniment control is the same as in other mode. The accompaniment only plays the rhythm part.

Note:

In piano mode, you can enter the mixer menu and the function menu. In piano mode, the A.B.C. is automatically turned off.





20. Song

The instrument has a variety of songs, use [+/YES]/ [-/NO] button and data dial to select a song. All songs can be practised in the lesson mode.

Listen to the songs

- Press the [SONG] button to enter the song mode. All songs will play circularly.
- 2. Use the [+] or [-] button to select a song.
- **3.** During song playback, press [SONG] or [START/STOP] to stop the playback.

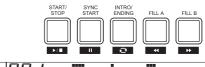
 When the song stops, press the [START/STOP] button, it will play the current song repeatedly.
- **4** When the song stops, press the [STYLE] or [VOICE] button to exit the song mode.

Song Control

- 1. Introductory Beat
 Before song starts playing, it has
 the introductory beat; the measure
 starts from negative value. It begins
 to play the melody when the
 measure goes to 1.
- 2. REW, FF and PAUSE When the song is playing: Press the [*] button to fast forward the song. Press the [*] button to rewind the song (base on the measure). Press the [II] button to pause the playing song, press again to continue playing.











3. Song Repeat

When playing the song, press the [\circ] to set the beginning for a loop section of the current song, then press it again to set the loop end. During loop playback, press the same button to quit the loop and go back to song playback.

Lesson Mode

Control buttons in the lesson mode: [SHIFT] + [LESSON], [SHIFT] + [L], [SHIFT] + [R] and [SHIFT] + [L] + [R].



1. Enter the lesson mode
While the song stops, holding down
the [SHIFT] button and press the
[LESSON] button.

2. Select the practice hand.

All songs can be practised in three types: time training, note training and performance mode. The grading system will help you keep track of your progress.

Use [SHIFT] + [L], [SHIFT] + [R] or [SHIFT] + [L] + [R] button to select the lesson you want to practice. Alternatively, the keyboard will automatically select the right hand practice for you.

Note:

- 1. The left-hand practice may vary for different type of songs. If you choose a rhythm song, the left hand practices the chord; if you choose a piano song, the left hand practices the melody. Some MIDI songs may not have practice for the left hand.
- **2.** You cannot change the practice mode when the song is playing. When you finish the song, it will grade your practice automatically. However, no score will be given if you stop halfway.
- **3.** When the song is playing, the staff and the chord will be displayed on the LCD, telling you the note position.



Lesson 1 - Practice timing

While the song stop playing, holding down [SHIFT] button and then press the [LESSON] button to enter the lesson mode. The "LESSON 1"icon lights up on LCD. In Lesson 1 mode, you need to play at the correct time value. As long as you play any key at the right time, the correct note will sound

Lesson 2 - Practice note accuracy

Press the [SHIFT] + [LESSON] buttons again to enter the lesson 2 mode. The "LESSON 2" icon lights up. In LESSON 2 mode, you need to play the correct notes. The lesson will continue only when you have played the note displayed on LCD, otherwise the song will stop and wait.

Lesson 3 - Performance

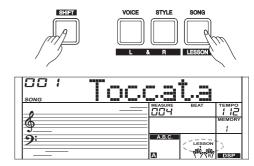
Press the [SHIFT] + [LESSON] button the third time to enter the lesson 3 mode. Or you can repeatedly press the [LESSON] button when the song stops playing. The "LESSON 3" icon lights up. In LESSON 3 mode, it will score your practice by the correction of the time value and notes.

Comment Function:

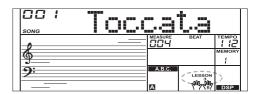
In LESSON 1, LESSON 2 and LESSON 3, your performance will be graded as follows:

The 1 class: "Excellent!"
The 2 class: "Very Good!"
The 3 class: "Good!"
The 4 class: "Try Again!"

It will automatically play back the current song after giving comments.







21. Chord Dictionary

If you know the name of a chord but don't know how to play it, you can use the Chord Dictionary function. You can learn the chord and test in this features.

DICT 1 (Chord Learning Mode)

Press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DICT.] button to enter the DICT I mode.

The LCD display "Dict.1", and the A.B.C. is automatically set to on. In DICT 1 mode, the keys C4~B5 are used to assign the Chord Type, the keys C6~B6 are used to assign the Chord Root. When the Chord Type and Chord Root are confirmed, the chord notes will be shown on display. You will hear a prompt sound if you correctly play the note in the left hand section.

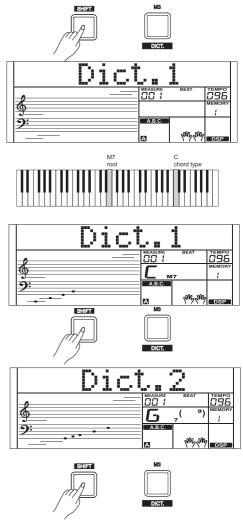
DICT 2 (Chord Testing Mode)

In DICT 1 mode, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DICT.] button to enter the DICT 2 mode.

In DICT 2 mode, you can have a chord test. LCD will display a chord name in random order. If the chord fails to be played in 3 seconds, its notes will appear on LCD. Once the chord is played correctly, a new chord name will appear after a few seconds.

Exit Chord Dictionary

In DICT 2 mode, press and hold the [SHIFT] button and then press the [DICT.] button again to turn off chord dictionary.



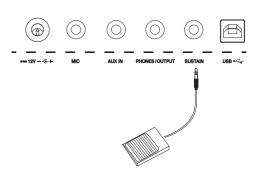


24 Chord Types in the chord dictionary are as follows:

| Note | Chord Type | Note | Chord Type | Note | Chord Type |
|------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|------------|
| C6 | С | C4 | М | C5 | 7(b9) |
| C#6 | C#/Db | C#4 | M(9) | C#5 | 7(9) |
| D6 | D | D4 | 6 | D5 | 7(#9) |
| Eb6 | Eb/D# | Eb4 | mM7 | Eb5 | 7(b13) |
| E6 | Е | E4 | M7 | E5 | 7(13) |
| F6 | F | F4 | М | F5 | 7(#11) |
| F#6 | F#/Gb | F#4 | M(9) | F#5 | dim7 |
| G6 | G | G4 | M6 | G5 | dim |
| Ab6 | Ab/G# | Ab4 | M7(9) | Ab5 | 7aug |
| A6 | А | A4 | M7 | A5 | aug |
| Bb6 | Bb/A# | Bb4 | M7b5 | Bb5 | 7sus4 |
| B6 | В | B4 | 7 | B5 | sus4 |

22. Pedal Function

The pedal function will make your performance more natural and with greater expressiveness.



Multi-function Pedal

You can refer to Pedal Type chapter for details.

1. Sustain Pedal

This pedal function performs the same function as the damper pedal on an acoustic piano, letting you sustain the sound of voices even after releasing the keys.

Step and press on the pedal to turn the sustain effect on.

Release the pedal to turn the sustain effect off.



2. Soft Pedal

When the soft pedal is selected, pressing this pedal will make the notes you play sound softer.

3. Memory Pedal When the memory pedal is selected, press this pedal at the first time to call up register memory: M1, and then you can call up register memory M2, M3...by pressing this pedal step by step.

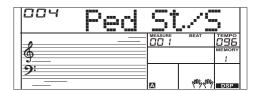
| 002 | Ped | 5 | ⊃ ₽'' | |
|-----|-----|-----------|--------------|--------|
| \$ | | MEASURE I | BEAT | MEMORY |
| 9: | | A | bus bus | DSP |

| 003 | Ped | 1.11 | ₽M | |
|-----|-----|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| \$ | | MEASURE DD 1 | BEAT | MEMORY |
| 9: | | A | laur laur | DSP |

Note:

If the current memory recalled cantains pedal settings, the pedal function will be automatically redefined by the settings.

4. Style Start/Stop Pedal When the style start/stop pedal is selected, press this pedal to start/ stop accompaniment.



23. MIDI

With the MIDI functions you can expand your musical possibilities. This section will let you know what MIDI is, and what it can do, as well as how you can use MIDI on your instrument.

What's MIDI?

- MIDI (short for Musical Instrument Digital Interface) allows a wide variety
 of electronic musical instruments, computers and other related devices to
 connect and communicate with one another. MIDI carries event messages
 that specify notation, pitch and velocity, control signals for parameters such as
 volume, vibrato, audio panning, and program change information to change
 the voice selections.
- 2. The instrument can output the real-time playback information via MIDI messages and control external MIDI devices. The instrument can also accept incoming MIDI messages and generate sound accordingly.

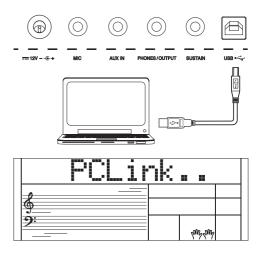


Note:

This instrument has a USB(DEVICE) terminal, which can be connected to a PC as an MIDI input or MIDI output. This can not be connected with another instrument, unless the instrument has a USB host terminal.

The main application of MIDI

- 1. Used as a tone generator
 This instrument can receive MIDI
 data from computer, and execute
 MIDI controls to change channels,
 change voices, add effect and make
 sound and so on. Refer to MIDI
 Implementation Chart for more
 MIDI controls.
- 2. Used as a MIDI Keyboard When you play the keyboard, change the voices or turn the DSP on/off, the instrument will send MIDI data to the computer. which will be saved as records. (It only records your keyboard performance when playing along with accompaniment.) You can edit the records on the computer, such as changing the channels or voices, adding DSP effects. Then play back the records with the instrument or other sound source (such as a sound card). You can play the keyboard along with the playback. Refer to MIDI Implementation Chart for more MIDI controls.



3. Select a MIDI Device

To use the USB port of the instrument, you need to set the software on your computer. For example, set the Cakewalk Pro Audio MIDI software under WINDOWS XP operating system.

Open the Cakewalk Pro Audio MIDI software.

Set the USB AUDIO DEVICE either as the MIDI Input port on the left of the popup window, or as the MIDI Output port on the right, then press "OK".

Alternatively, you can select the MIDI device on the TOOLS MIDI DEVICES menu of Cakewalk. Make the same settings when using other similar MIDI software.

24. Troubleshooting

| Problem | Possible Cause and Solution |
|---|---|
| The speakers produce a pop sound whenever the power is turned ON or OFF. | This is normal and is no cause for alarm. |
| No sound when the keyboard is played. | Make sure the master volume is set to an appropriate level. Check if headphones are plugged into the PHONES/OUTPUT jack. The R1/R2/L voice volume (Mixer) settings could be set too low. Make sure the voice volumes are set at appropriate levels. |
| When using a mobile phone, noise is produced. | Using a mobile phone in close proximity to the instrument may produce interference. To prevent this, turn off the mobile phone or use it further away from the instrument. |
| The auto accompaniment does not play back even Sync is in standby condition and a key is pressed. | You may be trying to start accompaniment by playing a key in the righthand range of the keyboard. To start the accompaniment with Sync Start, make sure to play a key in the lefthand range of the keyboard. |
| Certain notes sound at wrong pitch. | Make sure that the tuning value is set to 0. Press and hold the [+/YES] and [-/NO] buttons at the same time, then turning the power on will set INSTRUMENT to default. |
| The Harmony function does not operate. | Please make sure the Harmony function is on. And Harmony cannot be turned on when a drum kit is selected for the voice R1. |

Notice:

If you notice any abnormality that cannot be handled, please connect the provider or specified repair agent, and have the instrument inspected by qualified service personnel.



25. Specifications

| Keys | 61 Keys with Touch Response, 3 Touch Levels |
|-------------------------------|--|
| LCD Display | Multi-functional LCD |
| Polyphony | 128 |
| Voices | 633 |
| Styles | 220 |
| Demos | 8 |
| Songs | 150 |
| Tempo | 30-280 |
| Panel Memory | 32 |
| Chord mode | Single-finger, Multi-finger |
| Chord dictionary | Convenient for users to learn chords |
| Accompaniment/Song Control | Start/Stop, Sync Start, Intro/Ending, Fill A, Fill B, |
| Record | 10 user song, support playback |
| Control button | Power Switch, Volume Knob, Shift, Tempo+/-(Accomp+/-), Metronome(Octave), Mixer (Transpose), Harmony(Sustain), Start/Stop, Sync Start, Intro/Ending, Fill A, Fill B, A.B.C., Fade Bank(Record), Store(Play), M1(Dual), M2(Lower), M3(Dict.), M4(DSP), O.T.S.(Touch), Voice(L), Style(R), Song(Lesson), Piano(Function), Demo, -/NO, +/YES, Data Dial |
| Connectors | PHONES/OUTPUT, SUSTAIN, AUX IN, MIC, USB, DC IN. |
| Power Supply | DC IN 12V/800mA |
| Speaker | 4 ohm 3W X 2 |
| Dimensions | 956(L) x 360(W) x 133(H) mm |
| Weight | 5.0KG |

^{*} All specifications and appearances are subject to change without notice.

26. Voice List

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name | |
|------|---------------------------------|----------|--|
| Pian | Piano | | |
| 1 | Acoustic Grand Piano | GrandPno | |
| 2 | Acoustic Grand Piano 2 | GrandPn2 | |
| 3 | Acoustic Grand Piano (wide) | GrandPnW | |
| 4 | Acoustic Grand Piano (dark) | GrandPnD | |
| 5 | Bright Acoustic Piano | BritePno | |
| 6 | Bright Acoustic Piano 2 | BritePn2 | |
| 7 | Bright Acoustic Piano (wide) | BritePnW | |
| 8 | Electric Grand Piano | E.Grand | |
| 9 | Electric Grand Piano 2 | E.Grand2 | |
| 10 | Electric Grand Piano (wide) | E.GrandW | |
| 11 | Electric Grand Piano (dark) | E.GrandD | |
| 12 | Honky Tonk Piano | HnkyTonk | |
| 13 | Honky Tonk Piano 2 | HnyTonk2 | |
| 14 | Honky Tonk Piano (wide) | HnyTonkW | |
| 15 | Honky Tonk Piano (dark) | HnyTonkD | |
| 16 | Harpsichord | Harpsi | |
| 17 | Harpsichord 2 | Harpsi2 | |
| 18 | Harpsichord (octave mix) | HarpsiO | |
| 19 | Harpsichord (wide) | HarpsiW | |
| 20 | Harpsichord (with key off) | HarpsiOf | |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|----------|---------------------------------|------------|
| 21 | Octave Grand | OctPno |
| | Piano | |
| 22 | Octave Grand | OctPno2 |
| | Piano 2 | |
| 23 | Piano & Strings | Pno&Str |
| 24 | Piano & Pad | Pno&Pad |
| 25 | Piano & Choir | Pno&Cho |
| 26 | Piano & EP | Pno&EP |
| 27 | Piano & | Pno&Vib |
| | Vibraphone | |
| 28 | Detuned Electric | DetunEP |
| | Piano | |
| 29 | Detuned Electric | DetunEP2 |
| 70 | Piano 2 | E Diama |
| 30 | Electric Piano | E.Piano |
| 31 | Electric Piano 2 | E.Piano2 |
| 32 | Electric Piano 3 | E.Piano3 |
| 33 | Electric Piano 4 | E.Piano4 |
| 34 | Electric Piano 1 | E.PnoV1 |
| 35 | (velocity mix) Electric Piano 2 | E Do a) /2 |
| 35 | (velocity mix) | E.PnoV2 |
| 36 | 60's Electric Piano | 60'sEP |
| 37 | EP Legend | EPLegend |
| 38 | Phase EP | PhaseEP |
| 39 | Clavi | Clavi |
| 40 | Clavi 2 | Clavi2 |
| | | |
| 41 42 | Phase Clavi | PhaseClv |
| | Wah Clavi | WahClv |
| 43 | Pulse Clavi | PluseClv |
| 44 | Dream EP | DreamEP |
| 45 | Tremolo EP | TremoEP |
| 46 | Funk EP | FunkEP |
| 47 | Warm EP | WarmEP |
| 48 | Choir EP | ChoriEP |
| 49 | Wah EP | WahEP |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 50 | Modern EP | ModernEP |
| 51 | EP Pad | EPPad |
| Chro | matic Percussion | |
| 52 | Celesta | Celesta |
| 53 | Celesta 2 | Celesta2 |
| 54 | Celesta 3 | Celesta3 |
| 55 | Glockenspiel | Glocken |
| 56 | Glockenspiel 2 | Glocken2 |
| 57 | Glockenspiel 3 | Glocken3 |
| 58 | Music Box | MusicBox |
| 59 | Music Box 2 | MuscBox2 |
| 60 | Music Box 3 | MuscBox3 |
| 61 | Vibraphone | Vibra |
| 62 | Vibraphone 2 | Vibra2 |
| 63 | Vibraphone (wide) | VibraW |
| 64 | Marimba | Marimba |
| 65 | Marimba 2 | Marimba2 |
| 66 | Marimba (wide) | MarimbaW |
| 67 | Xylophone | Xylophon |
| 68 | Xylophone 2 | Xylopho2 |
| 69 | Xylophone 3 | Xylopho3 |
| 70 | Tubular Bells | TubulBel |
| 71 | Tubular Bells 2 | TubulBe2 |
| 72 | Church Bell | ChurBell |
| 73 | Carillon | Carillon |
| 74 | Dulcimer | Dulcimer |
| 75 | Dulcimer 2 | Dulcime2 |
| 76 | Santur | Santur |
| Orga | n | |
| 77 | Italian 60's Organ | 60'sOrgn |
| 78 | Drawbar Organ | DrawOrgn |
| 79 | Drawbar Organ 2 | DrawOrg2 |
| 80 | Detuned Drawbar Organ | DeDraOrg |
| 81 | Drawbar Organ 3 | DrawOrg3 |
| 82 | Detuned Percussive Organ | DePerOrg |
| 83 | Percussive Organ | PercOrgn |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 84 | Percussive Organ 2 | PercOrg2 |
| 85 | 70's Percussive | 70'sPcOr |
| | Organ | |
| 86 | Percussive Organ 3 | PercOrg3 |
| 87 | Rock Organ | RockOrgn |
| 88 | Rock Organ 2 | RockOrg2 |
| 89 | Rock Organ 3 | RockOrg3 |
| 90 | Church Organ | ChurOrgn |
| 91 | Church Organ 2 | ChurOrg2 |
| 92 | Church Organ 3 | ChurOrg3 |
| 93 | Church Organ (octave mix) | ChurOrgO |
| 94 | Detuned Church Organ | DeChuOrg |
| 95 | Reed Organ | ReedOrgn |
| 96 | Reed Organ 2 | ReedOrg2 |
| 97 | Rotary Organ | RotyOrgn |
| 98 | Puff Organ | PuffOrgn |
| 99 | Accordion | Acordion |
| 100 | Accordion 2 | Acordin2 |
| 101 | Accordion 3 | Acordin3 |
| 102 | Harmonica | Harmnica |
| 103 | Harmonica 2 | Harmnic2 |
| 104 | Harmonica 3 | Harmnic3 |
| 105 | Tango Accordion | TangoAcd |
| 106 | Tango Accordion 2 | TangAcd2 |
| Guita | ar | |
| 107 | Acoustic Guitar (nylon) | NylonGtr |
| 108 | Acoustic Guitar | NylonGt2 |
| | (nylon) 2 | |
| 109 | Acoustic Guitar (nylon) 3 | NylonGt3 |
| 110 | Acoustic Guitar (nylon + key off) | NylGtrOf |
| 111 | Ukulele | Ukulele |
| 112 | Acoustic Guitar (steel) | SteelGtr |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 113 | Acoustic Guitar | SteelGt2 |
| | (steel) 2 | |
| 114 | 12-Strings Guitar | 12StrGtr |
| 115 | Mandolin | Mandolin |
| 116 | Mandolin 2 | Mandoli2 |
| 117 | Steel Guitar with Body Sound | SteelBdy |
| 118 | Electric Guitar (jazz) | JazzGtr |
| 119 | Electric Guitar (jazz) 2 | JazzGtr2 |
| 120 | Electric Guitar (pedal steel) | PedalGtr |
| 121 | Electric Guitar (clean) | CleanGtr |
| 122 | Electric Guitar (clean) 2 | CleanGt2 |
| 123 | Electric Guitar (detuned clean) | DetClnGt |
| 124 | Mid Tone Guitar | MidTonGt |
| 125 | Electric Guitar (muted) | MutedGtr |
| 126 | Electric Guitar (muted) 2 | MutedGt2 |
| 127 | Electric Guitar (funky cutting) | FunkGt |
| 128 | Electric Guitar (muted velo-sw) | MutVelGt |
| 129 | Jazz Man | JazzMan |
| 130 | Overdriven Guitar | Ovrdrive |
| 131 | Overdriven Guitar 2 | Ovrdriv2 |
| 132 | Guitar Pinch | GtPinch |
| 133 | Distortion Guitar | DistGtr |
| 134 | Distortion Guitar 2 | DistGtr2 |
| 135 | Distortion Guitar (with feedback) | FeedbkGt |
| 136 | Guitar Feedback | GtrFedbk |
| 137 | Distorted Rhythm Guitar | DistRyth |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-------|---------------------------|----------|
| 138 | Guitar Harmonics | GtrHarmo |
| 139 | Guitar Harmonics 2 | GtHarmo2 |
| 140 | Velocity Nylon | NyInGtVe |
| | Guitar | |
| Bass | | |
| 141 | Acoustic Bass | AcoBass |
| 142 | Acoustic Bass 2 | AcoBass2 |
| 143 | Wah Bass | WahBass |
| 144 | Electric Bass (finger) | FngrBass |
| 145 | Finger Slap Bass | FngrSlap |
| 146 | Electric Bass (pick) | PickBass |
| 147 | Electric Bass (pick) 2 | PickBas2 |
| 148 | Fretless Bass | Fretless |
| 149 | Fretless Bass 2 | Fretles2 |
| 150 | Slap Bass | SlapBass |
| 151 | Slap Bass 2 | SlapBas2 |
| 152 | Slap Bass 3 | SlapBas3 |
| 153 | Slap Bass 4 | SlapBas4 |
| 154 | Synth Bass | SynBass |
| 155 | Synth Bass 2 | SynBass2 |
| 156 | Synth Bass 3 | SynBass3 |
| 157 | Synth Bass 4 | SynBass4 |
| 158 | Warm Synth Bass | WarmBass |
| 159 | Rsonance SynBass | ResoBass |
| 160 | Clavi Bass | ClavBass |
| 161 | Hammer | Hammer |
| 162 | Attack Bass | AtackBas |
| 163 | Synth Bass (rubber) | RubbBass |
| 164 | Synth Bass (rubber) 2 | RubbBas2 |
| 165 | Attack Pulse | AtackPls |
| Strin | gs & Orchestral | |
| 166 | Violin | Violin |
| 167 | Violin 2 | Violin2 |
| 168 | Violin (slow attack) | SIViolin |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 169 | Viola | Viola |
| 170 | Viola 2 | Viola2 |
| 171 | Cello | Cello |
| 172 | Cello 2 | Cello2 |
| 173 | Contrabass | Contrabs |
| 174 | Contrabass 2 | Contrbs2 |
| 175 | Tremolo Strings | TremStr |
| 176 | Tremolo Strings 2 | TremStr2 |
| 177 | Tremolo Strings 3 | TremStr3 |
| 178 | Pizzicato Strings | PizzStr |
| 179 | Pizzicato Strings 2 | PizzStr2 |
| 180 | Orchestral Harp | Harp |
| 181 | Orchestral Harp 2 | Harp2 |
| 182 | Yang Chin | YangChin |
| 183 | Timpani | Timpani |
| 184 | Timpani 2 | Timpani2 |
| 185 | String Ensembles | Strings |
| 186 | String Ensembles 2 | Strings2 |
| 187 | String Ensembles 3 | Strings3 |
| 188 | String Ensembles 4 | Strings4 |
| 189 | Strings & Brass | Str&Bras |
| 190 | 60's Strings | 60'sStr |
| 191 | Synth Strings | SynStrs |
| 192 | Synth Strings 2 | SynStrs2 |
| 193 | Synth Strings 3 | SynStrs3 |
| 194 | Synth Strings 4 | SynStrs4 |
| 195 | Synth Strings 5 | SynStrs5 |
| 196 | Choir Aahs | ChoirAah |
| 197 | Choir Aahs 2 | ChorAah2 |
| 198 | Choir Aahs 3 | ChorAah3 |
| 199 | Voice Oohs | VoiceOoh |
| 200 | Voice Oohs 2 | VoicOoh2 |
| 201 | Humming | Humming |
| 202 | Anlong Voice | AnlVoice |
| 203 | Synth Voice | SynVoice |
| 204 | Synth Voice 2 | SynVoic2 |
| 205 | Orchestra Hit | OrchHit |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|-------------------------|----------|
| 206 | Orchestra Hit 2 | OrchHit2 |
| 207 | Bass Hit Plus | BassHit |
| 208 | 6th Hit | 6thHit |
| 209 | Euro Hit | EuroHit |
| Bras | S | |
| 210 | Trumpet | Trumpet |
| 211 | Trumpet 2 | Trumpet2 |
| 212 | Dark Trumpet | DarkTrp |
| 213 | Trombone | Trombone |
| 214 | Trombone 2 | Trmbone2 |
| 215 | Trombone 3 | Trmbone3 |
| 216 | Bright Trombone | BritBone |
| 217 | Tuba | Tuba |
| 218 | Tuba 2 | Tuba2 |
| 219 | Muted Trumpet | MuteTrp |
| 220 | Muted Trumpet 2 | MuteTrp2 |
| 221 | Muted Trumpet 3 | MuteTrp3 |
| 222 | French Horn | FrHorn |
| 223 | French Horn 2 | FrHorn2 |
| 224 | French Horn 3 | FrHorn3 |
| 225 | Brass Section | Brass |
| 226 | Brass Section 2 | Brass2 |
| 227 | Brass Section 3 | Brass3 |
| 228 | Synth Brass | SynBrass |
| 229 | Synth Brass 2 | SynBras2 |
| 230 | Synth Brass 3 | SynBras3 |
| 231 | Synth Brass 4 | SynBras4 |
| 232 | Synth Brass 5 | SynBras5 |
| 233 | Synth Brass 6 | SynBras6 |
| 234 | Synth Brass 7 | SynBras7 |
| 235 | Synth Brass 8 | SynBras8 |
| 236 | Analog Synth Brass | AnaBrass |
| 237 | Analog Synth Brass 2 | AnaBras2 |
| 238 | Analog Synth Brass 3 | AnaBras3 |
| 239 | Jump Brass | JumpBras |
| 240 | Jump Brass 2 | JumpBrs2 |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|-----------------|----------|
| 241 | Funny | Funny |
| 242 | Funny 2 | Funny2 |
| 243 | French Horn | FrHorn |
| Reed | ı | |
| 244 | Soprano Sax | SprnoSax |
| 245 | Soprano Sax 2 | SprnSax2 |
| 246 | Soprano Sax 3 | SprnSax3 |
| 247 | Alto Sax | AltoSax |
| 248 | Alto Sax 2 | AltoSax2 |
| 249 | Alto Sax 3 | AltoSax3 |
| 250 | Tenor Sax | TenorSax |
| 251 | Tenor Sax 2 | TenoSax2 |
| 252 | Tenor Sax 3 | TenoSax3 |
| 253 | Baritone Sax | BariSax |
| 254 | Baritone Sax 2 | BariSax2 |
| 255 | Baritone Sax 3 | BariSax3 |
| 256 | Oboe | Oboe |
| 257 | Oboe 2 | Oboe2 |
| 258 | Oboe 3 | Oboe3 |
| 259 | 2 Oboes | 20boes |
| 260 | English Horn | EngHorn |
| 261 | English Horn 2 | EngHorn2 |
| 262 | English Horn 3 | EngHorn3 |
| 263 | 2 English Horns | 2EngHons |
| 264 | Bassoon | Bassoon |
| 265 | Bassoon 2 | Bassoon2 |
| 266 | Bassoon 3 | Bassoon3 |
| 267 | 2 Bassoons | 2Basoons |
| 268 | Clarinet | Clarinet |
| 269 | Clarinet 2 | Clarine2 |
| 270 | Clarinet 3 | Clarine3 |
| 271 | 2 Clarinets | 2Clarins |
| Pipe | | |
| 272 | Piccolo | Piccolo |
| 273 | Piccolo 2 | Piccolo2 |
| 274 | Piccolo 3 | Piccolo3 |
| 275 | 2 Piccolos | 2Picolos |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|-----------------------|----------|
| 276 | Sweet Flute | SweeFlut |
| 277 | Flute | Flute |
| 278 | Flute 2 | Flute2 |
| 279 | Flute 3 | Flute3 |
| 280 | 2 Flutes | 2Flutes |
| 281 | Recorder | Recorder |
| 282 | Recorder 2 | Recorde2 |
| 283 | 2 Recorders | 2Records |
| 284 | Pan Flute | PanFlute |
| 285 | Pan Flute 2 | PanFlut2 |
| 286 | Sweet Pan Flute | SwPanFlu |
| 287 | Blown Bottle | Bottle |
| 288 | Blown Bottle 2 | Bottle2 |
| 289 | Shakuhachi | Shakhchi |
| 290 | Shakuhachi 2 | Shakhch2 |
| 291 | Whistle | Whistle |
| 292 | Whistle 2 | Whistle2 |
| 293 | Ocarina | Ocarina |
| 294 | Ocarina 2 | Ocarina2 |
| Synt | h Lead | |
| 295 | Lead 1 (square) | SquareLd |
| 296 | Lead 1a (square) 2 | SquarLd2 |
| 297 | Lead 1 (square) 3 | SquarLd3 |
| 298 | Lead 1b (sine) | SineLead |
| 299 | Lead 2 (sawtooth) | SawLead |
| 300 | Lead 2a | SawLead2 |
| | (sawtooth) 2 | |
| 301 | Lead 2 (sawtooth) 3 | SawLead3 |
| 302 | Lead 2b (saw + pulse) | SawPlsLd |
| 303 | Lead 2c (double | DubSawLd |
| | sawtooth) | |
| 304 | Lead 2d | SquAnaLd |
| | (sequenced | |
| | analog) | |
| 305 | Lead 2d | SqAnaLd2 |
| | (sequenced | |
| | analog) 2 | |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|---------------------------|----------|
| 306 | Wavy Sawtooth | WavySaw |
| 307 | Bauble Lead | BaubleLd |
| 308 | Super Analog | SuperAna |
| 309 | Lead 3 (calliope) | CaliopLd |
| 310 | Lead 3 (calliope) 2 | CalipLd2 |
| 311 | Lead 4 (chiff) | ChiffLd |
| 312 | Lead 4 (chiff) 2 | ChiffLd2 |
| 313 | Lead 4 (chiff) 3 | ChiffLd3 |
| 314 | Lead 4 (chiff) 4 | ChiffLd4 |
| 315 | Lead 5 (charang) | CharanLd |
| 316 | Lead 5 (charang) 2 | CharaLd2 |
| 317 | Lead 5 (charang) 3 | CharaLd3 |
| 318 | Lead 5 (charang) 4 | CharaLd4 |
| 319 | Lead 5a (wire lead) | WireLead |
| 320 | Lead 5a (wire | WireLd2 |
| | lead) 2 | |
| 321 | Lead 6 (voice) | VoiceLd |
| 322 | Lead 6 (voice) 2 | VoiceLd2 |
| 323 | Lead 7 (fifths) | FifthsLd |
| 324 | Lead 7 (fifths) 2 | FifthLd2 |
| 325 | Lead 8 (bass + lead) | BassLead |
| 326 | Lead 8 (bass + lead) 2 | BasLead2 |
| 327 | Lead 8 (bass + lead) 3 | BasLead3 |
| 328 | Lead 8a (soft wrl) | SftWrlLd |
| 329 | Massiness | Massin |
| 330 | Square | Square |
| 331 | Slow Square Lead | SlwSquLd |
| 332 | Sine Solo | SineSolo |
| 333 | Square Lead 4 | SquarLd4 |
| 334 | Thick Square | ThickSqu |
| 335 | 2Oscillators Lead | 2OscLd |
| 336 | Wavy Sawtooth 2 | WavySaw2 |
| 337 | Analog Lead | AnaLead |
| 338 | Big Lead | BigLead |
| 339 | Fat Lead | FatLead |
| 340 | PWM 4th | Rezz4th |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|---------------------|----------|
| 341 | Delayed Lead | DelyLead |
| 342 | Delayed Lead 2 | DlyLead2 |
| 343 | Fifth Lead | FifLead |
| 344 | Corrie | Corrie |
| 345 | Quint | Quint |
| Synt | h Pad | |
| 346 | Pad 1 (new age) | NewAge |
| 347 | Pad 1 (new age) 2 | NewAge2 |
| 348 | Pad 1 (new age) 3 | NewAge3 |
| 349 | Pad 1 (new age) 4 | NewAge4 |
| 350 | Pad 2 (warm) | WarmPad |
| 351 | Pad 2 (warm) 2 | WarmPad2 |
| 352 | Pad 2 (warm)3 | WarmPad3 |
| 353 | Pad 2a (sine pad) | SinePad |
| 354 | Pad 3 (polysynth) | PolySyn |
| 355 | Pad 3 (polysynth) 2 | PolySyn2 |
| 356 | Pad 3 (polysynth) 3 | PolySyn3 |
| 357 | Pad 3 (polysynth) 4 | PolySyn4 |
| 358 | Pad 4 (choir) | ChoirPad |
| 359 | Pad 4 (choir) 2 | ChoirPd2 |
| 360 | Pad 4a (itopia) | ItopiaPd |
| 361 | Pad 5 (bowed) | BowedPad |
| 362 | Pad 5 (bowed) 2 | BowedPd2 |
| 363 | Pad 5 (bowed) 3 | BowedPd3 |
| 364 | Pad 5 (bowed) 4 | BowedPd4 |
| 365 | Pad 6 (metallic) | MetalPad |
| 366 | Pad 6 (metallic) 2 | MetalPd2 |
| 367 | Pad 6 (metallic) 3 | MetalPd3 |
| 368 | Pad 7 (halo) | HaloPad |
| 369 | Pad 7 (halo) 2 | HaloPad2 |
| 370 | Pad 7 (halo) 3 | HaloPad3 |
| 371 | Pad 7 (halo) 4 | HaloPad4 |
| 372 | Pad 8 (sweep) | SweepPad |
| 373 | Pad 8 (sweep) 2 | SweepPd2 |
| 374 | Pad 8 (sweep) 3 | SweepPd3 |
| 375 | Pan Pad | PanPad |
| 376 | Pan Pad 2 | PanPad2 |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|-------------------------|----------|
| 377 | Dipolar Pad | DipolPad |
| 378 | PWM Pad | PWMPad |
| 379 | Warmly Pad | WarmlyPd |
| 380 | Horn Pad | HornPad |
| 381 | Click Pad | ClickPad |
| 382 | Analog Pad | AnalogPd |
| 383 | 80's Poly Pad | 80'sPoly |
| 384 | PWM 4th Soft | PWM4thSf |
| 385 | Synth Calliope Soft | SynCalSf |
| 386 | Soft Vox | SoftVox |
| 387 | 5th SawWave | 5thSaw |
| 388 | 5th Lead Soft | 5thLdSf |
| 389 | Slow Square | SISquare |
| 390 | New Year Pad | NewYear |
| 391 | Space Voice | SpcVoice |
| 392 | Rising | Rising |
| 393 | Congregate | Congrega |
| Synt | h SFX | |
| 394 | FX 1 (rain) | FXRain |
| 395 | FX 1 (rain) 2 | FXRain2 |
| 396 | FX 2 (soundtrack) | Soundtrk |
| 397 | FX 2 (soundtrack) 2 | Sondtrk2 |
| 398 | Prelude | Prelude |
| 399 | FX 3 (crystal) | Crystal |
| 400 | FX 3 (crystal) 2 | Crystal2 |
| 401 | FX 3 (crystal) 3 | Crystal3 |
| 402 | FX 3a (synth mallet) | SynMalet |
| 403 | FX 4 (atmosphere) | Atmosphr |
| 404 | FX 4 | Atmosph2 |
| | (atmosphere) 2 | |
| 405 | Warm Air | WarmAir |
| 406 | FX 5 (brightness) | Bright |
| 407 | FX 5 (brightness) 2 | Bright2 |
| 408 | Smog | Smog |
| 409 | FX 6 (goblins) | Goblins |
| 410 | FX 6 (goblins) 2 | Goblins2 |
| 411 | FX 6 (goblins) 3 | Goblins3 |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|---------------------|----------|
| 412 | Choir Bell | ChorBell |
| 413 | Choir Bell 2 | ChorBel2 |
| 414 | FX 7 (echoes) | Echoes |
| 415 | FX 7 (echoes) 2 | Echoes2 |
| 416 | FX 7 (echoes) 3 | Echoes3 |
| 417 | FX 7b (echo pan) | EchoPan |
| 418 | FX 7a (echo bell) | EchoBell |
| 419 | FX 7a (echo bell) 2 | EchoBel2 |
| 420 | FX 7a (echo bell) 3 | EchoBel3 |
| 421 | FX 8 (sci-fi) | Sci-Fi |
| 422 | FX 8 (sci-fi) 2 | Sci-Fi2 |
| 423 | FX 8 (sci-fi) 3 | Sci-Fi3 |
| Ethn | ic Misc. | |
| 424 | Sitar | Sitar |
| 425 | Sitar 2 | Sitar2 |
| 426 | Sitar 3 | Sitar3 |
| 427 | Banjo | Banjo |
| 428 | Banjo 2 | Banjo2 |
| 429 | Banjo 3 | Banjo3 |
| 430 | Shamisen | Shamisen |
| 431 | Shamisen 2 | Shamise2 |
| 432 | Shamisen 3 | Shamise3 |
| 433 | Koto | Koto |
| 434 | Koto 2 | Koto2 |
| 435 | Taisho Koto | TaishoKt |
| 436 | Kalimba | Kalimba |
| 437 | Kalimba 2 | Kalimba2 |
| 438 | Kalimba 3 | Kalimba3 |
| 439 | Bag Pipe | BagPipe |
| 440 | Bag Pipe 2 | BagPipe2 |
| 441 | Bag Pipe 3 | BagPipe3 |
| 442 | Fiddle | Fiddle |
| 443 | Fiddle 2 | Fiddle2 |
| 444 | Fiddle 3 | Fiddle3 |
| 445 | Shanai | Shanai |
| 446 | Shanai 2 | Shanai2 |
| 447 | Shanai 3 | Shanai3 |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|------------------------|----------|
| Perc | ussive | |
| 448 | Tinkle Bell | TnklBell |
| 449 | Tinkle Bell 2 | TnklBel2 |
| 450 | Tinkle Bell 3 | TnklBel3 |
| 451 | Agogo | Agogo |
| 452 | Agogo 2 | Agogo2 |
| 453 | Agogo 3 | Agogo3 |
| 454 | Steel Drums | SteelDrm |
| 455 | Steel Drums 2 | StelDrm2 |
| 456 | Steel Drums 3 | StelDrm3 |
| 457 | Woodblock | WoodBlok |
| 458 | Woodblock 2 | WodBlok2 |
| 459 | Woodblock 3 | WodBlok3 |
| 460 | Castanets | Castanet |
| 461 | Castanets 2 | Castant2 |
| 462 | Taiko Drum | TaikoDrm |
| 463 | Taiko Drum 2 | TaikDrm2 |
| 464 | Taiko Drum 3 | TaikDrm3 |
| 465 | Concert Bass Drum | ConBasDm |
| 466 | Concert Bass Drum 2 | ConBsDm2 |
| 467 | Acoustic Bass Drum | BassDrum |
| 468 | Room Kick | RoomKick |
| 469 | Power Kick | PowrKick |
| 470 | Electric Bass Drum | ElBsDrum |
| 471 | Analog Bass Drum | AnBsDrum |
| 472 | Jazz Kick | JazzKick |
| 473 | Side Stick | SidStick |
| 474 | Analog Rim Shot | AnRiShot |
| 475 | Acoustic Snare | A.Snare |
| 476 | Room Snare | RomSnare |
| 477 | Power Snare | PowSnare |
| 478 | Electric Snare | E.Snare |
| 479 | Analog Snare | AnaSnare |
| 480 | Jazz Snare | JazSnare |
| 481 | Brush Tap | BrushTap |
| 482 | Concert SD | ConcetSD |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|-------------------------|----------|
| 483 | Hand Clap | HandClap |
| 484 | Tom | Tom |
| 485 | Room Tom | RoomTom |
| 486 | Power Tom | PowerTom |
| 487 | Electric Tom | ElecTom |
| 488 | Analog Tom | AnaTom |
| 489 | Brush Tom | BrushTom |
| 490 | Closed Hi-hat | ClosedHH |
| 491 | Analog Closed Hi-hat | AnCloHH |
| 492 | Pedal Hi-hat | PedalHH |
| 493 | Open Hi-hat | OpenHH |
| 494 | Crash Cymbal | CrashCym |
| 495 | Analog Cymbal | AnaCym |
| 496 | Ride Cymbal | RideCym |
| 497 | China Cymbal | ChinaCym |
| 498 | Ride Bell | RideBell |
| 499 | Tambourine | Tambouri |
| 500 | Splash Cymbal | SplashCy |
| 501 | Cowbell | Cowbell |
| 502 | Analog Cowbell | AnaCowbl |
| 503 | High Bongo | HiBongo |
| 504 | Low Bongo | LoBongo |
| 505 | Mute Hi Conga | MuHiCnga |
| 506 | Open Hi Conga | OpHiCnga |
| 507 | Low Conga | LowConga |
| 508 | Analog Hi Conga | AnHiCnga |
| 509 | Analog Mid Conga | AnMiCnga |
| 510 | Analog Low Conga | AnLoCnga |
| 511 | High Timbale | HiTimbal |
| 512 | Low Timbale | LoTimbal |
| 513 | Cabasa | Cabasa |
| 514 | Maracas | Maracas |
| 515 | Analog Maracas | AnMaraca |
| 516 | Short Guiro | ShGuiro |
| 517 | Long Guiro | LoGuiro |
| 518 | Claves | Claves |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------|
| 519 | Mute Cuica | MuCuica |
| 520 | Open Cuica | OpCuica |
| 521 | Mute Triangle | MuTrgle |
| 522 | Open Triangle | OpTrgle |
| 523 | Shaker | Shaker |
| 524 | Mute Surdo | MuSurdo |
| 525 | Open Surdo | OpSurdo |
| 526 | Melodic Tom | MeloTom |
| 527 | Melodic Tom 2 | MeloTom2 |
| 528 | Melodic Tom 3 | MeloTom3 |
| 529 | Synth Drum | SynDrum |
| 530 | Synth Drum 2 | SynDrum2 |
| 531 | Rhythm Box Tom | RhythBox |
| 532 | Electric Drum | ElecDrum |
| 533 | Electric Drum 2 | EleDrum2 |
| 534 | Reverse Cymbal | RevCymbl |
| 535 | Reverse Cymbal 2 | RevCymb2 |
| SFX | | |
| 536 | Guitar Fret Noise | FretNoiz |
| 537 | Guitar Fret Noise 2 | FreNoiz2 |
| 538 | Guitar Cutting Noise | GtCtNoiz |
| 539 | Guitar Cutting Noise 2 | GtCtNoz2 |
| 540 | Acoustic Bass String Slap | BsStSlap |
| 541 | Acoustic Bass String Slap 2 | BsStSlp2 |
| 542 | Breath Noise | BrthNoiz |
| 543 | Breath Noise 2 | BrthNoz2 |
| 544 | Flute Key Click | FIKeyClk |
| 545 | Flute Key Click 2 | FIKeyCk2 |
| 546 | Seashore | Seashore |
| 547 | Seashore 2 | Seashor2 |
| 548 | Rain | Rain |
| 549 | Thunder | Thunder |
| 550 | Wind | Wind |
| 551 | Stream | Stream |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|---------------------------------|----------|
| 552 | Bubble | Bubble |
| 553 | Bird Tweet | Tweet |
| 554 | Bird Tweet 2 | Tweet2 |
| 555 | Dog | Dog |
| 556 | Horse Gallop | HouseGlp |
| 557 | Telephone Ring | Telphone |
| 558 | Telephone Ring 2 | Telphon2 |
| 559 | Door Creaking | DoorCrek |
| 560 | Door | Door |
| 561 | Scratch | Scratch |
| 562 | Wind Chime | WindChim |
| 563 | Helicopter | Helicptr |
| 564 | Car Engine | CarEngin |
| 565 | Car Stop | CarStop |
| 566 | Car Pass | CarPass |
| 567 | Car Crash | CarCrash |
| 568 | Siren | Siren |
| 569 | Train | Train |
| 570 | Jetplane | Jetplane |
| 571 | Starship | Starship |
| 572 | Burst Noise | BurtNois |
| 573 | Applause | Applause |
| 574 | Laughing | Laughing |
| 575 | Screaming | Scream |
| 576 | Punch | Punch |
| 577 | Heart Beat | HeartBet |
| 578 | Footsteps | Footstep |
| 579 | Gunshot | Gunshot |
| 580 | Machine Gun | MachnGun |
| 581 | Lasergun | Lasergun |
| 582 | Explosion | Explosio |
| Com | bined Voice | |
| 583 | Stereo Piano & Strings Pad | Pn&StrPd |
| 584 | Stereo Piano & Choir | Pn&Choir |
| 585 | Stereo Piano & Synth Strings | Pn&SyStr |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----------|
| 586 | Stereo Piano & Warm Pad | Pn&WrmPd |
| 587 | Stereo Piano & Soft EP | Pn&SfEP |
| 588 | FM Electric Piano | FMEP |
| 589 | Digital Piano | DigitlPn |
| 590 | E.Piano & Strings | EP&Str |
| 591 | E.Piano & Acoustic Guitar | EP&Gtr |
| 592 | E.Piano & Vibraphone | EP&Vibra |
| 593 | E.Piano 2 & Pad | EP2&Pad |
| 594 | E.Piano 2 & Strings | EP2&Str |
| 595 | Harpsichord & Stereo Strings | Hrps&Str |
| 596 | Music Box & Stereo Strings | MBox&Str |
| 597 | Vibraphone & Stereo Strings | Vib&Str |
| 598 | Vibraphone Octave | VibraOct |
| 599 | Vibraphone & Marimba & Kalimba | Vib&M&K |
| 600 | Marimba & Kalimba | Mar&Kal |
| 601 | Marimba Delay | MarDelay |
| 602 | Xylophone Octave | XylopOct |
| 603 | Organ & Stereo Strings | Orgn&Str |
| 604 | Stereo Organ & Piano | Orgn&Pno |
| 605 | Rock Organ & Strings | RkOr&Str |
| 606 | Church Organ & Choir | ChOr&Cho |
| 607 | Church Organ & Strings | ChOr&Str |
| 608 | Acoustic Guitar & Flute | Gtr&Flut |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| 609 | Acoustic Guitar & | Gtr&Clav |
| | Clavi | 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 |
| 610 | 24 String Guitar | 24StrGtr |
| 611 | Steel Guitar & Warm Pad | StGt&Pad |
| 612 | Stereo Strings & Horn | Str&Horn |
| 613 | Orchestra | Orchestr |
| 614 | Full Strings | FullStr |
| 615 | Full Strings 2 | FullStr2 |
| 616 | Symphonic | Symphon |
| 617 | Stereo Choir & Strings | Cho&Str |
| 618 | Stereo Choir & Steel Guitar | Cho&Gtr |
| 619 | 3 Trumpet Loose | 3Trumpet |
| 620 | Trombone & Stereo Strings | Tomb&Str |
| 621 | 3 Trombones Loose | 3Trmbone |
| 622 | 3 Muted Trumpets Loose | 3MuTrump |
| 623 | Club Brass | ClubBras |
| 624 | Brass & Woodwinds | Brs&Wood |
| Drur | ns | |
| 625 | Standard Set | StandSet |
| 626 | Room Set | RoomSet |
| 627 | Power Set | PowerSet |
| 628 | Electronic Set | ElectSet |
| 629 | Analog Set | AnalgSet |
| 630 | Jazz Set | JazzSet |
| 631 | Brush Set | BrushSet |
| 632 | Orchestra Set | OrcheSet |
| 633 | SFX Set | SFXSet |

27. Style List

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|------|---------------------|----------|
| 8BE | ΑT | |
| 1 | 8Beat Ballad | 8BtBld |
| 2 | 8Beat Piano | 8BtPiano |
| 3 | 8Beat 1 | 8Beat1 |
| 4 | Guitar Pop 1 | GtPop1 |
| 5 | 8Beat Hip Hop | 8BtHiHop |
| 6 | 8Beat Blues Rock | 8BtBluRk |
| 7 | 8Beat Pop | 8BtPop |
| 8 | Pop Funk 1 | PopFunk1 |
| 9 | Rhythm&Beat 1 | Rhy&Bt1 |
| 10 | 8Beat Disco 1 | 8BtDisc1 |
| 11 | 8Beat Rock | 8BtRock |
| 12 | Guitar Pop 2 | GtPop2 |
| 13 | 8Beat 2 | 8Beat2 |
| 14 | Sweet Beat | SweetBt |
| 15 | 8Beat Dance | 8BtDance |
| 16 | 8Beat Disco 2 | 8BtDisc2 |
| 17 | Pop Funk 2 | PopFunk2 |
| 18 | 8Beat 3 | 8Beat3 |
| 19 | 60's 8Beat | 60's8Bt |
| 20 | Rhythm&Beat 2 | Rhy&Bt2 |
| 16BE | AT | |
| 21 | 16Beat 1 | 16Beat1 |
| 22 | 16Beat Funk 1 | 16BtFuk1 |
| 23 | 16Beat Ballad 1 | 16BtBld1 |
| 24 | 16Beat R&B | 16BtR&B |
| 25 | Pop 16Beat 1 | Pop16Bt1 |
| 26 | 16Beat Funk 2 | 16BtFuk2 |
| 27 | 16Beat Dance | 16BtDanc |
| 28 | Pop 16Beat 2 | Pop16Bt2 |
| 29 | 16Beat 2 | 16Beat2 |
| 30 | Pop 16Beat 3 | Pop16Bt3 |
| 31 | 16Beat Ballad 2 | 16BtBld2 |
| 32 | 16Beat 4 | 16Beat4 |
| 33 | Pop Shuffle | PopShfl |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|----------------|----------|
| | &BALLAD | 1 |
| 34 | Pop Rock 1 | PopRock1 |
| 35 | Pop Dance 1 | PopDancl |
| 36 | Pop Fusion | PopFusn |
| 37 | Analog Night 1 | AnalgNt1 |
| 38 | 6/8 Pop | 6/8Pop |
| 39 | Brit. Pop 1 | BritPop1 |
| 40 | Brit. Pop 2 | BritPop2 |
| 41 | Pop Hit | PopHit |
| 42 | Fusion Shuffle | FusShufl |
| 43 | Analog Night 2 | AnalgNt2 |
| 44 | Guitar Pop 3 | GtPop3 |
| 45 | Pop Beat | PopBeat |
| 46 | Soft Beat | SoftBeat |
| 47 | 60's Pop | 60'sPop |
| 48 | Sting Latin | StigLatn |
| 49 | R&B Ballad 1 | R&BBld1 |
| 50 | Guitar Ballad | GtBallad |
| 51 | Ballad Rock | BaldRock |
| 52 | Piano Pop | PianoPop |
| 53 | Soft Ballad | SoftBald |
| 54 | Natural Ballad | NatulBld |
| 55 | Love Ballad | LoveBald |
| 56 | Easy Ballad | EasyBald |
| 57 | Miami Folk | MiamiBld |
| 58 | Slow Ballad | SlowBald |
| 59 | Folk Ballad | FolkBald |
| 60 | Pop Ballad 1 | PopBald1 |
| 61 | Pop Ballad 2 | PopBald2 |
| 62 | EP Ballad | EPBallad |
| 63 | New R&B Ballad | NewRBBld |
| ROC | K | |
| 64 | Rock | Rock |
| 65 | New Wave | NewWave |
| 66 | Ska | Ska |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|----------------|----------|
| 67 | Pop Rock 2 | PopRock2 |
| 68 | Slow Rock | SlowRock |
| 69 | 70's Rock&Roll | 70'sRock |
| 70 | Folk Rock | FolkRock |
| 71 | Soft Rock | SoftRock |
| 72 | Old Rock | OldRock |
| 73 | Easy Rock | EasyRock |
| 74 | New Shuffle | NewShufl |
| 75 | Rock Hip Hop | RkHipHop |
| 76 | Rock&Roll 1 | R'N'R1 |
| 77 | Rock Shuffle | RockShfl |
| 78 | Rock&Roll 2 | R'N'R2 |
| | LROOM | |
| 79 | Tango 1 | Tangol |
| 80 | Spain Matador | Matador |
| 81 | Slow Waltz 1 | SlowWlz1 |
| 82 | Swing Fox | SwingFox |
| 83 | Salsa 1 | Salsa1 |
| 84 | Cha Cha 1 | ChaCha1 |
| 85 | Cha Cha 2 | ChaCha2 |
| 86 | Beguine 1 | Beguinel |
| 87 | Beguine 2 | Beguine2 |
| 88 | Rumba 1 | Rumba1 |
| 89 | Samba 1 | Sambal |
| 90 | Samba 2 | Samba2 |
| 91 | Jive | Jive |
| 92 | Fox Trot | FoxTrot |
| DAN | , | |
| 93 | Techno 1 | Technol |
| 94 | Нір Нор 1 | HipHop1 |
| 95 | House 1 | Housel |
| 96 | House 2 | House2 |
| 97 | Pop Dance 2 | PopDanc2 |
| 98 | Down Beat | DownBeat |
| 99 | Techno 2 | Techno2 |
| 100 | Progressive | Progress |
| 101 | Rap 1 | Rapl |
| 102 | Rap 2 | Rap2 |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|----------------------|----------|
| 103 | Disco | Disco |
| 104 | Soft Disco | SoftDisc |
| 105 | Disco Party | DscParty |
| 106 | 70's Disco | 70'sDisc |
| 107 | 70's Disco Funk | 70'sFunk |
| 108 | Club Dance | ClubDanc |
| 109 | Euro Dance | EuroDanc |
| 110 | Нір Нор 2 | НірНор2 |
| 111 | Garage | Garage |
| SOU | L & FUNK | |
| 112 | Funk 1 | Funk1 |
| 113 | Classic Funk | ClasFunk |
| 114 | Jay R&B | JayR&B |
| 115 | Gospel Swing | GopSwing |
| 116 | Gospel | Gospel |
| 117 | Hip Hop Soul | HipHopSl |
| 118 | Hip Hop Beat | HipHopBt |
| 119 | R&B | R&B |
| 120 | Soul Beat | SoulBeat |
| 121 | R&B Ballad 2 | R&BBld2 |
| 122 | British Soul Pop | BritSoul |
| | NG & JAZZ | |
| 123 | Latin Jazz 1 | LatinJzl |
| 124 | Big Band 1 | BigBand1 |
| 125 | Dixieland 1 | Dixland1 |
| 126 | Guitar Swing 1 | GtSwing1 |
| 127 | Broadway Big Band | BwayBand |
| 128 | Swing | Swing |
| 129 | Latin Jazz 2 | LatinJz2 |
| 130 | Fusion | Fusion |
| 131 | Acid Jazz | AcidJazz |
| 132 | Cool Jazz Ballad | CoolJzBd |
| 133 | Swing Shuffle | SwingSfl |
| 134 | Big Band Medium | BandMid |
| 135 | Dixieland 2 | Dixland2 |
| 136 | Acoustic Jazz | AcoustJz |
| 137 | Guitar Swing 2 | GtSwing2 |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|--------------------|----------|
| 138 | Ragtime | Ragtime |
| 139 | Modern Jazz Ballad | MdJzBald |
| 140 | Swing Ballad | SwingBal |
| 141 | Orchestra Swing | OrhSwing |
| COU | NTRY | |
| 142 | Country Pop 1 | CntyPop1 |
| 143 | Bluegrass 1 | Blugras1 |
| 144 | 8Beat Country | 8BtCnty |
| 145 | Modern Country | ModrCnty |
| 146 | Country Pop 2 | CntyPop2 |
| 147 | Bluegrass 2 | Blugras2 |
| 148 | 2/4 Country | 2/4Cntry |
| 149 | Country Quick | QuickStp |
| | Steps | |
| 150 | Country Folk | CntyFolk |
| 151 | Country Shuffle | CnyShufl |
| | N & LATIN DANCE | |
| 152 | Samba 3 | Samba3 |
| 153 | Bossa Nova | BosaNova |
| 154 | Latin | Latin |
| 155 | New Reggae | NewRegga |
| 156 | Reggae Dance | DanRegga |
| 157 | Paso Doble | Pasodobl |
| 158 | Lite Bossa | LteBossa |
| 159 | Latin Rock | LatinRck |
| 160 | Beguine 3 | Beguine3 |
| 161 | Slow Bolero | SIBolero |
| 162 | Disco Samba | DscSamba |
| 163 | Mambo | Mambo |
| 164 | Meneito | Meneito |
| 165 | Rumba 2 | Rumba2 |
| 166 | Rumba 3 | Rumba3 |
| 167 | Tikitikita | Tikitkta |
| 168 | Lambada | Lambada |
| 169 | Pop Cha Cha 1 | PChaCha1 |
| 170 | Pop Cha Cha 2 | PChaCha2 |
| 171 | Salsa 2 | Salsa2 |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name | |
|------|---------------------|----------|--|
| | WALTZ & TRADITIONAL | | |
| 172 | Waltz | Waltz | |
| 173 | Old Waltz | OldWaltz | |
| 174 | English Waltz | EngWaltz | |
| 175 | German Waltz | GemWaltz | |
| 176 | Italian Mazurka | ItaMazuk | |
| 177 | Mexico Waltz | MexWaltz | |
| 178 | Vienna Waltz | VinaWltz | |
| 179 | Slow Waltz 2 | SlwWltz2 | |
| 180 | Jazz Waltz | JazzWltz | |
| 181 | Polka | Polka | |
| 182 | 6/8 March | 6/8March | |
| 183 | German Polka | GemPolka | |
| 184 | Party Polka | PtyPolka | |
| 185 | Army March | ArmMarch | |
| 186 | March | March | |
| 187 | US March | USMarch | |
| 188 | Musette | Musette | |
| 189 | French Musette | FMusette | |
| 190 | Mazurka | Mazurka | |
| WOF | 1 | | |
| 191 | Enka Ballad | EnkaBald | |
| 192 | Laendler | Laendler | |
| 193 | Hawaiian | Hawaiian | |
| 194 | Sirtake | Sirtake | |
| 195 | Dangdut | Dangdut | |
| 196 | 6/8 Flipper | 6/8Flipp | |
| 197 | New Age | NewAge | |
| 198 | Tarantella | Tarantel | |
| 199 | Scottish | Scottish | |
| | Norteno | Norteno | |
| PIAN | IIST | | |
| | Pianist 1 | Pianist1 | |
| | Pianist 2 | Pianist2 | |
| | Pianist 3 | Pianist3 | |
| | Jazz 1 | Jazzl | |
| 205 | Jazz 2 | Jazz2 | |



| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 206 | Jazz Pub | JazzPub |
| 207 | Piano Rock | PianoRk |
| 208 | Pop Bossa | PopBossa |
| 209 | March 1 | March1 |
| 210 | March 2 | March2 |
| 211 | Piano Beat | PianoBt |
| 212 | Piano Bar | PianoBar |
| 213 | Blues | Blues |

| NO. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|--------------|----------|
| 214 | Pop Waltz | PopWaltz |
| 215 | Slow Waltz | SlowWltz |
| 216 | Ballad 1 | Ballad1 |
| 217 | Ballad 2 | Ballad2 |
| 218 | 6/8 Ballad | 6/8Bald |
| 219 | Pop 1 | Popl |
| 220 | Pop 2 | Pop2 |

28. Song List

| No. | English Name | LCD Name |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| FOLK & C | COUNTRY | |
| 1 | Toccata | Toccata |
| 2 | Carry Me Back To Old Virginny | Virginny |
| 3 | El Condor Pasa | ElCondor |
| 4 | Five Hundred Miles | 500Miles |
| 5 | Green Grass Of Home | GreenGrs |
| 6 | Greensleeves | Sleeves |
| 7 | Home Sweet Home | SwetHome |
| 8 | La Mer | LaMer |
| 9 | Long Long Ago | LongAgo |
| 10 | Massachusetts | Maschuse |
| 11 | Moon River | MoonRivr |
| 12 | My Darling Clementine | Clemtine |
| 13 | Never On Sunday | NeverSun |
| 14 | Oh! Carol | Oh!Carol |
| 15 | Oh! Susanna | Susanna |
| 16 | Turkey in the straw | TukyStaw |
| 17 | The Girl From Ipanema | Ipanema |
| 18 | Tombe La Neige | LaNeige |
| 19 | You Are My Sunshine | Sunshine |
| 20 | My old kentucky home | Kentucky |
| 21 | Home on the range | HomeRnge |
| 22 | Her bright smile haunts me still | HerSmile |
| 23 | The blue-bells of scotland | BlueBell |

| No. | English Name | LCD Name |
|--------|------------------------------------|----------|
| 24 | Old black joe | BlackJoe |
| 25 | Old dog tray | DogTray |
| 26 | Moulin rouge | MoulinRg |
| GOLDEN | & POP | |
| 27 | A Whiter Shade Of Pale | WhtShade |
| 28 | Again | Again |
| 29 | Mambo No. 5 | MamboNo5 |
| 30 | Are You Lonesome Tonight? | Lonesome |
| 31 | Around The World | AroWorld |
| 32 | Auld Lang Syne | LangSyne |
| 33 | Ave Maria | AveMaria |
| 34 | Beyond The Reef | BeyndRef |
| 35 | Blue Tango | BluTango |
| 36 | Brazil | Brazil |
| 37 | Bridal March | Bridal |
| 38 | Can'T Help Fallin' In Love | InLove |
| 39 | Chanson Du Toreador | Toreador |
| 40 | Danny Boy | DannyBoy |
| 41 | Do Re Mi | DoReMi |
| 42 | Ebb Tide | EbbTide |
| 43 | Fly Me To The Moon | FlyMoon |
| 44 | Happy Birthday To You | Birthday |
| 45 | Hey Jude | HeyJude |
| 46 | How Deep Is Your Love | DeepLove |
| 47 | If | If |
| 48 | In The Mood | InMood |
| 49 | Jingle Bells | JingBell |
| 50 | Joy To The World | JoyWorld |
| 51 | La Paloma | LaPaloma |
| 52 | La Playa | LaPlaya |
| 53 | La Reine De Saba | Saba |
| 54 | Lara'S Theme From "Doctor Zhivago" | Zhivago |
| 55 | Always In My Heart | MyHeart |
| 56 | Mambo No. 8 | MamboNo8 |
| 57 | Misty | Misty |
| 58 | My Way | MyWay |
| 59 | Annie Laurie | AnnieLa |



| No. | English Name | LCD Name |
|---------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 60 | One Way Ticket To The Blues | OWTickts |
| 61 | Only You | OnlyYou |
| 62 | Petite Fleur | Fleur |
| 63 | Red River Valley | RedRiver |
| 64 | Rhythm Of The Rain | RhymRain |
| 65 | Rock Around The Clock | Rock |
| 66 | Sail Along Silv'ry Moon | SilyMoon |
| 67 | Sealed With A Kiss | Sealed |
| 68 | Siboney | Siboney |
| 69 | Silent Night | SltNight |
| 70 | Speak Softly Love | SoftLove |
| 71 | Summertime | Summer |
| 72 | Superstar | Superstr |
| 73 | Sweet And Gentle | SwetGtle |
| 74 | Tennessee Waltz | Tennesse |
| 75 | The End Of The World | EndWorld |
| 76 | The Sound Of Silence | Silence |
| 77 | The Way We Were | TheWay |
| 78 | Top Of The World | TopWorld |
| 79 | Una Lacrima Sul Viso | Lacrima |
| 80 | Unchained Melody | Melody |
| 81 | Love Story | LoveStry |
| 82 | Words | Words |
| 83 | Yesterday | Yestday |
| 84 | Yesterday Once More | OnceMore |
| CLASSIC | AL | |
| 85 | 13 Jours En France | 13France |
| 86 | A Lover'S Concerto | Concerto |
| 87 | Air For The G-String | G-String |
| 88 | An Der Shonen Blauen Donau | Donau |
| 89 | Auf Flugeln Des Gesanges | Gesanges |
| 90 | Beautiful Dreamer | Dreamer |
| 91 | Dance Des Mirlitons | Mirliton |
| 92 | Etude Op. 10 No. 3 | Etude3 |
| 93 | Gavotte | Gavotte |
| 94 | Hungarian Dances No. 5 | Hungaian |
| 95 | Whispering hope | Whisper |

| No. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-------|---|----------|
| 96 | From The New World | NewWorld |
| 97 | Serenata Rimpiant | Serenata |
| 98 | Sleepy Lagoon | Lagoon |
| 99 | The Skaters Waltze | Skaters |
| 100 | O Sole Mio | OSoleMio |
| 101 | Waves Of The Danube | Danube |
| 102 | Jeanie with the light brown hair | Jeanie |
| 103 | Santa Lucia | SantaLuc |
| 104 | Solveig's Song | Solveig |
| 105 | Piano Sonatan No. 8 In C Minor (Pathetique) | Patheque |
| 106 | Brahms Waltz | BrmsWltz |
| 107 | Aida | Aida |
| 108 | Carmen-Prelude | Carmen |
| 109 | L'Arlesienne | L'Arlesi |
| 110 | Uungarische Tanz | Uungaris |
| 111 | Mazurka | Mazurka |
| 112 | Pizzicato Polka | Polka |
| 113 | Menuett | Menuett |
| 114 | Rigoletto | Rigoleto |
| 115 | Serenade | Serenade |
| 116 | Song Without Words | SongNoWd |
| 117 | Swan | Swan |
| 118 | The Dying Swan | DyingSwn |
| 119 | Swan Lake Valse | SwnWalse |
| 120 | The Happy Farmer | HpFarmer |
| PIANO | | |
| 121 | Hanon Piano Fingering 1 | Hanonl |
| 122 | Hanon Piano Fingering 2 | Hanon2 |
| 123 | Hanon Piano Fingering 3 | Hanon3 |
| 124 | Hanon Piano Fingering 4 | Hanon4 |
| 125 | Hanon Piano Fingering 5 | Hanon5 |
| 126 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 12 | Beyer12 |
| 127 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 13 | Beyer13 |
| 128 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 14 | Beyer14 |
| 129 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 15 | Beyer15 |
| 130 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 18 | Beyer18 |
| 131 | Cuckoo | Cuckoo |



| No. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|---|----------|
| 132 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 21 | Beyer21 |
| 133 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 29 | Beyer29 |
| 134 | Butterfly | Buterfly |
| 135 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 45 | Beyer45 |
| 136 | Christmas Eve | XmasEve |
| 137 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 50 | Beyer50 |
| 138 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 52 | Beyer52 |
| 139 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 55 | Beyer55 |
| 140 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 59 | Beyer59 |
| 141 | Beyer Eight Degrees Jump Etude | BeyrJump |
| 142 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano The Scale Of C Major | BeyerC |
| 143 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 65 | Beyer65 |
| 144 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 66 | Beter66 |
| 145 | Old Folks At Home (Piano) | OldFolk2 |
| 146 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano The Scale Of G Major | BeyerG |
| 147 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 70 | Beyer70 |
| 148 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 72 | Beyer72 |
| 149 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 73 | Beyer73 |
| 150 | Basic Tutorial Beyer Piano 74 | Beyer74 |

29. Demo List

| No. | English Name | LCD Name |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 1 | Demo | Demo |
| 2 | Bossa Nova | BosaNova |
| 3 | Fusion | Fusion |
| 4 | Jazz | Jazz |
| 5 | Funk | Funk |
| 6 | Ballad | Ballad |
| 7 | Modern R&B | ModrnR&B |
| 8 | Electric | Electric |

30. MIDI Implementation Chart

| Function | | Transmitted | Recognized | Remarks |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Basic | Default | 1ch | 1-16ch | |
| Channel | Changed | 1-16ch | 1-16ch | |
| | Default | × | 3 | |
| Mode | Messages | × | × | |
| | Altered | ******* | × | |
| Note | Note | 0–127 | 0–127 | |
| Number | :True voice | ******* | 0–127 | |
| Velocity | Note on | ∘ 9nH,V=1-127 | ∘ 9nH,V=1-127 | |
| | Note off | × (9nH,V=0) | ∘ (9nH,V=0; | |
| | | | 8nH, V=0-127) | |
| After | key's | × | × | |
| Touch | Ch's | × | × | |
| Pitch Ben | Pitch Bend | | 0 | |
| Control | 0 | 0 | 0 | Bank Select |
| Change | 1 | 0 | 0 | Modulation |
| | 5 | × | 0 | Portamento Time |
| | 6 | 0 | 0 | Data Entry |
| | 7 | 0 | 0 | Volume |
| | 10 | × | 0 | Pan |
| | 11 | × | 0 | Expression |
| | 64 | 0 | 0 | Sustain Pedal |
| | 65 | × | 0 | Portamento ON/OFF |
| | 66 | 0 | 0 | Sostenuto Pedal |
| | 67 | 0 | 0 | Soft Pedal |
| | 80 | × | 0 | Reverb Program |
| | 81 | × | 0 | Chorus Program |
| | 91 | 0 | 0 | Reverb Level |
| | 93 | 0 | 0 | Chorus Level |
| | 120 | 0 | 0 | All Sound Off |
| | 121 | × | × | Reset All Controllers |
| | 123 | 0 | 0 | All Notes Off |

| Function | | Transmitted | Recognized | Remarks |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| Program | | 0 | 0 | |
| Change | :true | ******* | 0–127 | |
| System Exclusive | | × | 0 | |
| | :SongPosition | × | × | |
| Common | :Song Select | × | × | |
| | :Tune | × | × | |
| System | :Clock | 0 | × | |
| Real Time | :Commands | × | × | |
| Aux Messages | :LOCAL ON/OFF | × | × | |
| | :Active sense | × | 0 | |
| | :Reset | × | × | |

Notes: *1

> When the accompaniment is started, an FAH message is transmitted. When accompaniment is stopped, an FCH message is transmitted.

 Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY
 Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY x: NO

Mode 2: OMNI ON MONO
 Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO
 O: YES

